Library of Congress

Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. LXIX.---NO. 104. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1902. WHOLE NO. 10,740

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

A vote will be taken in the House to day on the Urgent Deficiency bill. —— Republican caucus of New Jersey Legislature selected Jno. F. Dryden to succeed Sewall as U. S. Senator. —— Burglars robbed the postoffice at Due West, S. C., of over $500 in money and stamps. —— Sugar refiners have advanced all grades ten per cent. —— Interstate Commerce Commission announces decision in the case of the Wilmington Tariff Association against the Cincinnati, Portsmouth and Virginia railroad. —— Arrangements for the itinerary of Prince Henry while in this country have been completed. —— Joe Higginbotham, the negro who assaulted Mrs. Webber at Lynchburg, Va., was yesterday tried and convicted and sentenced to be hanged on Feb. 24. —— A Dean Cooper, a prominent business man of St. Louis, Mo., was murdered in a Turkish bath establishment in that city. —— U. S. gunboat Marietta has been ordered to proceed to Colon on the gulf side of the Isthmus of Panama. —— Prince Henry has selected about fifty presents for Americans with whom he will come specially in contact during his visit here. —— Another slight earthquake shock in Mexico; no harm resulted. —— Ministers of the Powers in Pekin were received in audience by the Emperor and Dowager Empress. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call easier at 2¼@3 per cent.; cotton quiet at 8 5-16c; flour market was barely steady all day but not quotably lower; wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red 87½c; corn—spot weaker, No. 2 67½c; rosin firm; spirits turpentine firm.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 23.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 34 degrees; 3 P. M., 44 degrees; maximum, 56 degrees; minimum, 34 degrees; mean, 45 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, 1.15 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M. 19.8 feet and rising.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan 23.—For North Carolina: Increasing cloudiness Friday, probably rain, warmer in southeastern portion; Saturday, rain; variable winds becoming fresh southeasterly.

Port Almanac---January 24.

Sun Rises	7 06 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.19 P. M.
Day's Length	10 h. 13 M.
High Water at Southport	8 05 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	10 35 A. M.

American furniture is becoming popular in Turkey. It is said to be better and cheaper than that made in European countries.

Admiral Schley killed a deer on that Georgia hunt, and we will wager they took a mean advantage of the deer and drove it up to the gun.

It is said that the straightest piece of railway in the world is in New South Wales, where the road runs for 126 miles on an almost dead-level and straight as an arrow.

Ex-Governor Shaw, of Iowa, holds the record as a convict-pardoner. During his term of office, which was not completed, he pardoned 22 murderers, 128 thieves and 323 assorted criminals, and doesn't feel sorry for it.

Mr. Carnegie says great wealth, after one has accumulated a competency, is an incumbrance. That's the experience of most editors, and that's why so few of them permit themselves to become uncomfortably rich.

Colorado is becoming excited over the discovery of a diamond field in that State. The diamonds found are said to be of the "first water," and the indications point to a rush for the first water. Previous to that the average Colorado man didn't hanker for water of any kind.

The projectors of that American sky-scraper which it is proposed to build in London, have confidence in the stability of the British empire. They want a lease for 999 years. The municipal authorities think this rather long but would be willing to compromise on 99 years, which ought to be satisfactory if a "renewable" clause were inserted.

Indian Commissioner Jones does not believe in the long-haired, face-painted Indian, and has issued an order to Indian agents on the reservations to require the young bucks to have their hair cut and keep their faces clean if they expect any governmental recognition. The command does not apply to the old fellows, who wouldn't be happy if they couldn't daub their mugs.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by Hollin's Palace Pharmacy.

LOCAL DOTS.

— King Kelly has been engaged to coach the A. & M. baseball team.

— British steamship *Riftswood*, hence for Ghent, arrived out yesterday.

— The Swedish barque *Victoria*, Capt. Eriksen, has sailed from Savannah for Wilmington.

— It is Mr. W. I. Gore who advertises a six-room cottage for rent—not W. I. Fore, as it appeared in the STAR yesterday.

— The annual meeting of the Associated Charities will be held this afternoon at 3:30 at the Y. M. C. A. The public is cordially invited to attend.

— The steamer *Driver*, of the Wilmington and Fayetteville line, which has been in port the past week, left last night for a trip up Northeast river.

— In response to inquiry, Hon. C. B. Watson, who is at Greensboro attending the Circuit Court, said that he would be a candidate for election to the United States Senate to succeed Pritchard.

— L'Ariso and L'Agile German Clubs will give their last dances before lent about the 5th and 6th of February. The dancing season with the clubs will end with the Easter dances.

— Jefferson Lodge No. 61, K. of P., will enjoy an impromptu social session next Wednesday night. There will be two candidates for second rank and after that a most delightful time for all lodge members.

— The second games of basket ball between teams of the Y. M. C. A. League will be played to-night at the City Hall, beginning at 8:30 o'clock. The teams to contest are the Young Men's vs. A. C. L., and Naval Reserves vs. Boys' Brigade.

— By deed filed for record yesterday Marsden Bellamy, Jr., commissioner, transferred to John Green for a consideration of $100, a parcel of real estate on east side of Love street, near Tayler, size 30x75 feet.

— Master Leslie Meredith, aged about 14 years and a son of Mr. W. J. Meredith, suffered painful bruises by being thrown from his bicycle at Princess and Water streets yesterday afternoon. He was unconscious for a time but is doing better.

— Randall Craig and Cato Littleton, both white, were before the Mayor yesterday charged with forcible trespass in entering the house of Jessie Bell. They each proposed to the Mayor that they be allowed to leave the city and the case was disposed of in that manner.

— Town Creek correspondence, Southport *Standard*: "The first quarterly conference of the year of Zion was held Saturday and Sunday by Rev. R. B. John, P. E. Zion circuit is without a pastor now, Rev. Mr. Wyche appointed to supply the work having declined the same and returned to his home."

— Southport *Standard*: "The steamship *Georgetown*, bound from New York to Georgetown, S. C., for a cargo of lumber, came in port Tuesday for harbor. An attempt was made yesterday morning to proceed to Georgetown, but the sea was found too rough outside to make Georgetown bar and the ship returned for more favorable weather."

— Southport *Standard*: "The forty ton gun carriage for Fort Caswell was brought down from Wilmington on Friday last by Capt. Edgar Williams on the tug *Marion*. To raise the carriage was no small work, but Capt. Williams completed the job successfully. The carriage was on display at the Pan-American Exposition last year.

Engraving of the "Shenandoah."

Raleigh *Times*: "It will be remembered that the Confederate flag was flown by a North Carolinian, James Iredell Waddell, on board the "Shenandoah," up to Nov. 6th, 1865, nearly seven months after Lee's surrender. A sketch of this cruise of this famous vessel has been written and printed in volume 5 of "Regimental Histories" now being issued by the State. Hon. E. W. Pou, our member in Congress, informed the editor of the work that the United States government had an excellent cut of the "Shenandoah," and a sufficient number of copies (2,000) would be sent out for the State work for the cost of press work and paper, which would be $12. The letter was sent to Wilmington, whose patriotic citizens raised the necessary sum and sent it by next mail. There is no discount on public spirit in the 'City by the sea.'"

Mr. Kenneth Murchison To Wed.

The engagement of Mr. Kenneth Murchison, son of Colonel and Mrs. K. M. Murchison, of New York, to Miss Aurelie De Mauriac, of New York, is announced in the society columns of the Atlanta *Constitution* to take place April 5th. Mr. Murchison is the brother of Mrs. Frank S. Ellis, of Atlanta, and a well known artist-architect of New York. Mrs. Ellis leaves for New York April 1st, and will attend the wedding of her brother and that of her sister several weeks later.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted—Lady cashier.
Opera House—"Nell Gwynn."
C. W. Yates & Co.—School books.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—Salesman.
Wanted—Reliable man.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Tangible Results Are Expected From a Special Meeting to be Held To-night.

RESTORATION OF STREETS.

Where Excavations Have Been Made by Contractors Aldermen Say They Will Have Streets Restored—Special Board May be Appointed.

"Something radical in municipal affairs may be expected before to-morrow night is gone," said an Alderman yesterday.

Just what is on tapis for those who have watched with interest the course of the city administration the past few months, the aforesaid official refused to confide, but it is broadly hinted that it is in regard to the restoration of the streets by the Sewerage Company, the rains of this week having brought forth rather general and very unfavorable comment upon the inefficiency of the work of restoration as it has been done by the contractors.

Then, too, it is expected there will be a number of the usual side issues that will conspire to make up an altogether lively session.

During the past three days there has been "much doin'" in Council circles but it has all been in a quiet way and reporters who asked for information have been only told to keep their eyes open and watch for the meeting, with a significant accent upon the word "meeting."

The meeting has been in contemplation for the three days and all but developed last night. It will, however, get here on schedule time to-night and one thing may be put down as a fact: The streets of Wilmington will be restored to their former condition if it lies in the power of the Board to compel it.

As to the methods to be employed the public is not yet aware. Several caucusses have been held by what is known as the "majority board" during the past few days, and something has about been agreed upon and only awaits adoption at the meeting to-night.

One of the provisions of an ordinance to be adopted, it is said, will create a "Street Board" composed of Messrs. Harriss, VonGlahn and Johnson, and the committee's special province will be to have sole charge of the work of restoration. The duties are found to be too manifold for one of the regular committees, in addition to other work, it is said, and the 'Street Board" will have exclusive control.

Another provision, it is said, will put the restoration under the supervision of a competent man to be employed by the city.

It shall be his duty to see that no more than a 1,000 feet section of any street shall be excavated until the excavations behind shall have been refilled and the thoroughfare restored.

It is also said that a bond will be required of the sewerage people to guard against the violation of the ordinances proposed to be adopted to-night.

But we shall see.

SMALLPOX ABOARD VESSEL.

Swedish Barque Held at Quarantine at Southport On Account of Disease.

The Southport *Standard* of yesterday has the following with reference to the Swedish barque *Anders* which is on its way up to Wilmington for cargo of naval stores:

"The Swedish barque *Anders* arrived from Lisbon on Monday last after a voyage of over two months. Since leaving that European port a case of smallpox developed on ship board and the ship went on quarantine. The smallpox patient is well now, and went to work the first of this month we understand; but the ship, and all on board, will be detained on quarantine about ten days to insure against the malady.

Capt. Benjamin Newton was the unlucky pilot aboard the barque, and was released from quarantine yesterday afternoon.

For Stealing An Overcoat.

Lewis Clinton, colored, arrested Wednesday night near Eleventh and Princess streets by Police Sergeant C. S. Burnett, was sent over to the higher court by Mayor Waddell yesterday, charged with the larceny of an overcoat from Elijah Kelly, also colored. It is alleged that Clinton stole the coat from Ruth Hall about two weeks ago while a dance was in progress there. He subsequently sold it to a Syrian for $3 50.

Assistant District Attorney.

Now that Skinner has captured the Attorneyship for the Eastern District of North Carolina, the lines are being drawn for the fight over the Assistant's place, which is now held by Oscar J. Spears, Esq., of Lillington. Among the candidates mentioned for the place is Mr. H. L. Stevens, a Democrat of Warsaw, and senior member of the firm of Stevens, Beasley & Weeks, of this city. Mr. Spears, it is understood, will stand for re-appointment.

Held Under Serious Charge.

Edward Haggett, colored, who lives on Sixth, between Hanover and Brunswick streets, was placed in jail by Constable Sheehan yesterday, charged with criminal intimacy with an eleven-year-old daughter of Sarah Hill, colored, who has employed Herbert McClammy, Esq., and Messrs. Bellamy & Bellamy to prosecute the case. Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., will appear for Haggett. The preliminary hearing will be before Justice Fowler at 4 P. M. to-day.

A "BIRTHDAY RECEPTION."

Enjoyable Entertainment To-night at Residence of Mr. and Mrs. Fowler.

A "Birth-Day" reception, under the management of the Guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church, will be given at the residence of Mrs. John J. Fowler, on Front between Nun and Church streets, this evening from 8 to 11 o'clock. Many invitations have been sent out, each accompanied with a little bag in which the receiver is requested to place as many pennies as he or she is years old and hand it to the Lady of the Exchequer, who will be very much in evidence at the party.

The attendance is not to be restricted to those who receive invitations, however, and the supply of bags will be equal to the demand. There will be vocal and instrumental music and nice refreshments free of charge. As host and hostess, Mr. and Mrs. Fowler may be relied on to make the occasion a most agreeable one to all who attend.

There'll be fun when the pennies contributed by the spinsters, bachelors and widowers are counted.

FUNERAL OF MRS. W. C. SMITH.

Impressive Services Yesterday From Residence—Interment in Oakdale.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Addie C. Smith, wife of Wilmington's esteemed citizen, Mr. W. C. Smith, was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from the late residence, No. 609 Orange street, in the presence of a large gathering of sorrowing friends. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Blackwell, pastor of the First Baptist church, assisted by Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure and Rev. J. M. Wells.

Appropriate hymns were sung by a special choir consisting of Mrs. F. A. Muse, Miss Nora Scott, Mr. W. H. Alderman and Mr. W. L. Williford. The floral tributes were unusually large in number and exceedingly pretty.

The interment was in Oakdale, the following having acted as pall bearers: Honorary, Dr. L. H. Love and Capt. S. W. Skinner; active, Messrs. W. A. French, Jr., U. M. Robinson, L. H. Skinner, J. J. Hopkins, L. H. Peterson and Luther Toon.

Physician Haled to Court.

While the brick pavement at Third and Princess streets is being laid those thoroughfares are closed to travel at that particular corner. The usual railings are placed around to prevent drivers from going over the work. Yesterday afternoon Dr. W. E. Storm had a call to the northern section of the city and drove up Third street to Princess, and seeing the way blocked he hurried on to see his patient by driving around on the sidewalks. Returning he came the same way and again drove on the sidewalks to get around, with the result that he was served notice to appear in the municipal court to-day and answer the charge of driving on the sidewalks of the city. Dr. Storm was indignant at the serving upon him of the warrant, inasmuch, as he stated, he had an urgent appointment to fill at his office on Market street.

Mr. Keith's Full Name.

Washington dispatch 22nd: "The department officials wanted to formally make out the appointment yesterday of B. F. Keith as collector of the port at Wilmington, but ran against an obstacle that could not be surmounted. No one knew Mr. Keith's full name, a piece of information which is always a pre-requisite to the issuance of such papers. A messenger was sent for the desired information, but none of that gentleman's friends were sure that they knew, so it was necessary to get the information direct from some member of the family. In reply to a wire the answer came that Mr. Keith's initials stood for Benjamin Franklin, just as everyone had guessed. Recorder Dancy will return to Wilmington soon to give Mr. Keith some information about the details of the office."

Those Eastern Appointments.

Washington special to Charlotte *Observer*: "Senator Pritchard said today that the appointment of the committee of eastern Republicans to recommend candidates for the offices in eastern counties was merely in accordance with the plan of campaign organization he had adopted several months ago. The proposed committee will recommend candidates, but according to later information received on the subject, the anxious ones will still have to look to Pritchard as the court of last resort. However, the decision of the committee will stand unless the circumstances are out of the ordinary."

The Southport Railroad.

Capt. John Barry, whom it was announced some time ago had received the contract from Philadelphia capitalists for the construction of a railroad to Southport, was asked yesterday what progress had been made toward getting the road under way. He said that two representatives of the company were in the city and he had just had a two hours' conference with them, but could say nothing for publication. Asked for names of the promoters, he said he was not at liberty to give them.

Elders Elected Last Night.

After the regular prayer meeting service at the First Presbyterian church last night, a congregational meeting was held, at which Mr. James H. Chadbourn and Mr. P. Pearsall were elected ruling elders to fill vacancies caused recently by death. Rev. Dr. Wells, the pastor, on last Sunday preached a special sermon in view of the coming elections.

FREIGHT RELATIONS.

Decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission in the Wilmington Case.

BASIS FOR READJUSTMENT.

Freight Charges From Cincinnati and Louisville to Norfolk and Wilmington Should be Adopted for Relative Rate St. Louis-Chicago.

The following giving a brief summary of a decision rendered yesterday by the Interstate Commerce Commission in the case brought against certain railroads by the Wilmington Tariff Association and received last night by the Associated Press, will be read with interest by the business men of Wilmington:

"WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day decided that what constitutes just freight rate relations from Cincinnati and Louisville to Norfolk and Wilmington, N. C., should be adopted as a fair basis for relative rates from St Louis and Chicago, with the modification in favor of the carriers; that the readjustment may be made on the basis of the East St. Louis rates, and the established practice of charging practically the same rates from St. Louis and Chicago to Wilmington be continued. The commission says that substantial compliance with this adjustment rule would result in making the rates from Chicago, St. Louis and East St. Louis to Wilmington 1 35 per cent. of the rates in force from East St. Louis to Norfolk. This is the decision in the case of the Wilmington Tariff Association against the Cincinnati, Portsmouth and Virginia Railroad Company, and other carriers. The relation of rates from Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville and other Western points to Wilmington as compared with rates from the same points to Virginia cities was the issue of the case.

"Rates from Cincinnati and Louisville to Norfolk are much lower than those from St. Louis and Chicago to Norfolk, and the competitive conditions governing the rates from Cincinnati and Louisville appear to be of the same general character as those which apply to rates from Chicago to St. Louis. The same is true of rates to Wilmington from Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago and St. Louis. No substantial difference appears to exist in the really forceful conditions governing rates from these points of supply, except that of distance, which favors Cincinnati and Louisville. Carriers north of Cincinnati, Louisville and other Ohio river points obtain in most instances shares of the rates to Wilmington which equal their local charges, while they accept much less than their local rates on traffic destined to Norfolk and other Virginia cities, and the rates charged by carriers south of Norfolk, Richmond or other Virginia gateways, on Wilmington business, are upon a high basis.

"The present adjustment of rates on freight traffic from Chicago, St. Louis and other related points of shipment to Wilmington, N. C., operates largely to deprive that city in its competition for trade in common territory with Norfolk, Richmond and other Virginia cities, of the benefits of these primary markets, and to limit Wilmington to such intermediate points of supply as Cincinnati and Louisville, from which points the rate relations appear to be fair and reasonable, and this subjects Wilmington to disadvantages which are in substantial degree undue and unreasonable, and for which the defendant carriers are to that extent responsible."

PROF. CARL'S ORGAN RECITAL.

Musical Event of Much Importance at Grace M. E. Church Tuesday.

Music lovers are looking forward with much pleasure to the engagement here next Tuesday evening at Grace church of the eminent organist, Prof. Wm. C. Carl, of New York. The handsome new pipe organ of Grace church will be first played in public at that time and that one so renowned as Prof. Carl will have opportunity to give pleasure to so many hearers, is due solely to the efforts of the ladies, who by their industry and perservance have made the installation of the organ possible.

Mr. Carl's repertoire is enormous, covering all schools, ancient and modern, together with many works written especially for him by such composers as MM. Guilmant, Salome, Gigout, Boellmann, Deshayes, Callaerts, Rousseau, Renaud, Selby, MacMaster, Baron F. de la Tombelle, Dubois, etc.

Mr. Carl is director of the Guilmant Organ School (New York), recognized as one of the leading educational institutions in the United States; Organist and Musical Director of the "Old First" Presbyterian Church, New York city, and Director of the Gamut Club.

Una Clayton Last Night.

The Una Clayton Company, in a very clever production of "Under Two Flags," was again greeted last night by an audience which taxed the utmost capacity of the Opera House. Miss Clayton's version of the play is a new and altogether pleasing one—different in many respects from any presentation of it seen here before this season. The specialties for the most part were good—much better than are ordinarily seen with a repertoire organization. To night the best piece in the company's repertoire will be put on—"Nell Gwynn"—and the sale of seats during to-day promises to be phenomenally large. At a special matinee at 3 P. M. to-morrow "The Little Detective" will be presented. It abounds in comedy of a wholesome nature and is sure to please the ladies and children, offending no one.

Harmony Circle Dance.

Harmony Circle gave a most delightful entertainment last night in its hall in the MacRae building. There was music, dancing and refreshments and the merry-makers kept up their round of pleasure until an early hour this morning.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. J. T. Rowland, of Raleigh, is at The Orton.

— Mr. E. G. Porter, of Goldsboro, arrived last evening.

— Mr. G. R. Shultz, of Greensboro, is at The Orton.

— Mr. H. H. Marshals, of Durham, is at The Orton.

— Mr. Leo Taylor, who is travelling for several New York firms, is in the city.

— Col. N. A. McLean, of Lumberton, was among the arrivals at The Orton yesterday.

— L. B. Evans, Clarkton, and Wm. T. Anderson, Cronly, are registered at The Orton.

— Stephen C. Bragaw, Esq., of Washington, N. C., is in the city on professional business.

— Mr James Evans, of Fayetteville, was a passenger on the steamer *Highlander*, which arrived yesterday.

— Miss Blanche Felsenthal, of Camden, Ark., arrived yesterday to spend the Winter with Mrs. S. Solomon.

— Mr. Norman B. Conger, inspector of the Weather Bureau, arrived yesterday to inspect the station in this city.

— Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Howard, of Baltimore, are guests at The Orton. Mr. Howard is here on business with Hugh MacRae & Co.

— Deputy Sheriff Harvey Cox and Herbert McClammy, Esq., went to Jacksonville yesterday afternoon to attend Onslow Superior Court.

— Miss Timberlake, of Staunton, Va., who has been the guest of the family of the Rev. J. M. Wells, returned home yesterday.

— Mr. John T. Pate, Jr., a former Wilmingtonian but now a resident of Savannah, is in the city in the interest of the Frictionless Metal Company, of Richmond, Va.

— Mr. and Mrs. Robert Strange Mafflit and Mrs. Pacheteau, after a short visit to Mr. Mafflit's mother, left yesterday afternoon for their future home at Los Angeles, Cal.

Murchison-Hurcamp.

Atlanta *Constitution*, 23rd: "An engagement recently announced that will be of interest to a large contingent of Atlanta society is that of Miss Marie Murchison, of New York, and Mr. Charles Hurcamp, of Virginia, the wedding to take place the 29th of April at the palatial home of the bride's parents, Col. and Mrs. K. M. Murchison, of New York. Miss Murchison is a belle wherever she is known, and visited Atlanta winter before last as the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank S. Ellis. Aside from her charms as a social favorite, she is a renowned horsewoman and has 'followed the hounds' at the most exclusive hunting parties that have been given recently in Maryland, Virginia and New York. Mr. Hurcamp resides in a beautiful ancestral home near Richmond, Va., and is as well known in New York society as in his native Virginia."

Will be Taken to Southport.

Justice Francis M. Moore, of Phœnix, was in the city yesterday to look after the matter of the transfer to Southport of the negro Lewis Myers, who was held responsible by the coroner's jury at Navassa Wednesday for the burning to death of the negro woman, Carrie Kelly. He brought with him all the papers in the case and had Myers transferred from the police station to the county jail, pending the arrival of a Brunswick officer for him to-day.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

The spacious quarters on Princess street formerly occupied by the Atlantic National Bank. Equipped with all the modern conveniences of water, gas and electricity. These quarters offer excellent opportunities for the conducting of any class of business.
For terms apply to the
jan 18 tf ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.

Opera House
TO-NIGHT
WINSOME UNA CLAYTON presents the success of the nineteenth century,
"NELL GWYNN."
Fine line of specialties, including the famous FRESTICE TRIO.
SATURDAY MATINEE 3 P. M.
"The Little Detective."
Matinee price 10 and 20 cents. jan 24 1t

At The Unlucky Corner
NORTH CAROLINA HAMS.
Springfield Hams,
Jones' Hams,
Premium Hams,
Gold Band Hams,
Diamond Hams,
Picnic Hams, Sliced Hams,
Deviled Hams, Potted Ham and Abraham.
S. W. SANDERS.
jan 22 tf

"WE WILL BOND YOU."
The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company.
Home Office, - BALTIMORE, MD.
Paid up Cash Capital, $1,500,000.00
Surety Bonds of every description.
FIDELITY. CONTRACT. JUDICIAL
Judicial bonds executed without delay.
C. D. WEEKS,
General Agent,
Smith Building, Wilmington, N. C.
Correspondence solicited. nov 28 3m

Compound Interest
Is like a third arm, working for you day and night. The results realized from depositing a few dollars regularly in our bank at 4 per cent. interest, compounded quarterly, are really wonderful. Call by the bank for a card showing how much the compound interest on amounts of $1 00 to $100 00, deposited monthly, will amount to in one to ten years. We help you to save. Try us.
The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company,
108 Princess Street.
J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.
jan 3 tf

Cashier Wanted!
Lady Cashier for a Retail Store.
Address in own handwriting, CASHIER,
jan 19 tf Care STAR Office.

New Hanover County School Book Depository.
We have exclusive sale of all the School Books adopted by the State Text Book Commission. A full stock always on hand at published prices.
School and Office Stationery.
Artist and Engineers' Supplies. Kodaks, Cameras and Photographic goods.
Pictures and Picture Framing.
Wall Paper and Window Shades.
C. W. YATES & CO.
jan 19 tf

New Stock Just In.
Mullets, New Catch.
Patent and Straight Flour,
MEAL, TOBACCO, CANNED GOODS,
Fox River Butter,
Candy, Soap, &c.
Also 100 bushels Sweet Potatoes that must be sold at once.
Williams Bros.
jan 16 tf

We Take This Method
Of thanking the generous public for their past valued favors in dispensing patronage at
Our Department Stores.
Many lines of Goods have been closed out; many others partly so; yet, there remains
Various and Valuable Bargains
For the economical householder to ponder over. We are now pushing everything preparatory to giving the general public the
Best Possible Footwear Service
To be had at the lowest possible cost. Try us at the
Same Old Place.
Mercer & Evans Co.
ja 5 tf

Fancy Fruits.
Bananas, Extra Fancy.
Pears, Grapes, Oranges, Apples.
Nuts, Figs, Dates and Raisins.
Give me a call. I can please you on nice Fruit and Candies.
J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
204 Princess Street.
Bell 'Phone 686. Inter-State 122.
jan 4 tf

Valuable Land Sale.
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER. Superior Court.
Pursuant to a judgment of the Superior Court in a proceeding wherein James Williams, Robert Williams, Josephine Henry and Lena Swann are plaintiffs, versus Evelina Meares Hubert is defendant, the undersigned Commissioner, appointed in said cause, will offer at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door, New Hanover county, at 12 o'clock M., on Tuesday, the 4th day of February, 1902, the following described real estate, situate in the City of Wilmington, N. C.:
Beginning at a point in the western line of Seventh street, 153 feet south of where the said western line of seventh street is intersected by the southern line of Church street, running thence westwardly parallel with Church street 116 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Seventh street 45 feet thence eastwardly parallel with Church street 116 feet to the western line of Seventh street 45 feet, to the beginning, being a part of the eastern parts of lots 2 and 3, in Block 99, in the plan of the city aforesaid.
GEO. H. HOWELL, Commissioner.
EMPIE & EMPIE, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
ja 3 8t fr feb 1 tf

"Foot Prints" Tobacco.
"Foot Prints" Tobacco.
"Foot Prints" Tobacco.
Makes the Grocer 14c a pound.
"Cabin Home."
"Cabin Home."
"Cabin Home."
Makes the Grocer 12c a pound.
All hand-made and finest stock. 5c paid in cash (no premiums) for "Foot Print" Tags each. 4½c in cash for Cabin Home Tags. Ponder over this and handle what pays you and be your own boss. Sole agent for the American Cigar Co.'s brands of Cuban Blossom, Reno-wn and Cremo Cigars. None equal this on any market.
Vollers & Hashagen.
Sole Distributors.
jan 19 tf

Fancy Ice Cream
IN ALL SHAPES AND FORMS from
One Dollar
Per Gallon Up.
E. WARREN & SON.
jan 23 1y

Esquimaux
Don't have much use for stoves. A fire in the middle of a snow hut, with an infinitesimal hole for a chimney, is good enough for them. But such an arrangement wouldn't be considered "just the thing" in this latitude. Here people need stoves and we keep them for sale—Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Stoves, Small Bedroom Stoves, and many odd sorts. The prices are adapted to persons with non-millionairish purses, too.
We have, too, a complete stock of Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Ammunition, &c.
J. W. Murchison & Co.,
ORTON BUILDING.
dec 5 tf

Office Supplies.
Before you buy your office supplies for the new year call and get my prices.
I have everything you will need in a first class office.
ROBERT C. DeROSSET,
107 Market St.
Bell 'Phone 26. dec 29 tf

Talcum, Talcum.
Pure Powdered Purified Talcum
in one pound boxes for 25c, two pound boxes 40c. For sale at
HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.
jan 15 tf 126 South Front street.

Executor's Notice.
Having qualified as Executor of the estate of the late Miss Rebecca C. Stolter, I here by notify all persons having claims against her estate to present the same on or before January 2, 1903, otherwise they will be barred. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make prompt settlement.
January 2, 1902.
JOEL F. STOLTER, Executor.
ja 3 6t fr

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 24.

THOSE "PACIFIED" PHILIPPINES.

The Philippines are now engaging more or less attention in Congress, and some of the members are asking for information that may throw more light on the situation than can be gathered from official reports, for even the official reports are sometimes very contradictory. The reports made by the civil authorities representing this government tell us one thing; those made by the military authorities another and quite a different thing. Each of these seem to be acting on a theory of their own; the civil authorities on the theory that the majority of the people want peace and can be made good loyal Americans by peaceful, humane methods, while the military act on the theory that force is the only effective agency and that they must be whipped and terrorized into submission. They are beginning to act on this theory and on the assumption that there is no really good Filipino but a dead one.

This is practically the principle on which Gen. Bell, military commander of the provinces of Batangas and Laguna, in Luzon, and not far from Manila, is acting. He is adopting the methods of Weyler in Cuba and Kitchener in South Africa, and is going further in some respects than Weyler went or Kitchener has gone. On December the 8th he issued the following concentration order:

"In order to put an end to enforced contributions, now levied by insurgents upon the inhabitants of sparsely settled and outlying barrios and districts, by means of intimidation and assassination, commanding officers of all towns now existing in the provinces of Batangas and Laguna, including those at which no garrison is stationed at present, will immediately specify and establish plainly marked limits surrounding each town bounding a zone within which it may be practicable, with an average sized garrison, to exercise efficient supervision over and furnish protection to inhabitants who desire to be peaceful against the depredations of armed insurgents.

"These limits may include the barrios which exist sufficiently near the town to be given protection and supervision by the garrison, and should include some ground on which live stock could graze, but so situated that can be patrolled and watched. All ungarrisoned towns will be garrisoned as soon as troops become available.

"Commanding officers will also see that orders are at once given and distributed to all the inhabitants within the jurisdiction of towns over which they exercise supervision, informing them of the danger of remaining outside of these limits, and that unless they move by December 25th from outlying barrios and districts, with all their movable food supplies, including rice, palay, chickens, live stock, etc, to within the limits of the zone established at their own or nearest town, their property found outside of said zone at said date will become liable to confiscation or destruction. The people will be permitted to move houses from outlying districts should they desire to do so, or to construct temporary shelter for themselves on any vacant land without compensation to the owner, and no owner will be permitted to deprive them of the privilege of doing so.

"In the discretion of the commanding officers, the prices of necessaries of existence may also be regulated in the interest of those thus seeking protection.

"As soon as peaceful conditions have been re established in the brigade these persons will be encouraged to return to their homes, and such assistance be rendered them as may be found practicable."

This is not on one of the remote islands where there were few American troops and but little if any fighting, but in the island of Luzon where most of the American soldiers are, and not far from Manila, which has been under American rule for more than three years. He acts on the principle that the Filipinos are treacherous and cannot be relied upon, and therefore he urges young officers to be active in the pursuit of them, that they do not show excessive caution in attacking bodies of Filipinos when found, for too much caution may result in disaster, that it is better to risk being overzealous than to take the chances of being deceived and made to suffer the consequences. He declares that the Filipinos must be either for us or against us, not in speech only but in act, and therefore he who does not act with the Americans must be considered an enemy and treated as such. Believing in their almost universal treachery he urges officers to send spies among the people and find out as far as possible who is for us and who is against us.

These are some of the Bell devices that did not occur to Weyler. One thing is certain, Weyler never showed as much talent in devising methods nor as much zeal in hunting down the Cuban insurgents as Gen. Bell is showing in hunting down the insurgents in the two provinces which he commands.

In his estimate of the Filipinos, their hatred of the Americans and their treachery, he agrees with Gen. Chaffee, and they are both probably right, for there is no doubt that they cordially hate the Americans, and that they are as a people, or peoples, (for this applies to all the tribes) treacherous. They consider treachery an evidence of superior cunning and ability and entitled to credit. There is corroborative testimony that they are right. Some time ago we quoted extracts from a letter of Jos. Ohl, correspondent of the Atlanta *Constitution*, who was then and is now in the Philippines. These extracts gave his impressions of the situation in the islands and of the people as he met and studied them. A few days ago there was another letter from him, in which he discussed some of the obstacles in the way of establishing American supremacy under civil rule, one of which was the friction between the military and the civil authorities, arising from the fact that each acted on a theory of its own which theories conflicted.

Another was the intense hatred of the "little brown man" for the "big white man," a hatred which finds expression in treachery if it can not openly. Speaking of treachery the letter says:

"Treachery, I am told on all sides, is carried to the fine art stage by the Filipinos. The men who fought for the Confederacy would have lost respect for even Robert E. Lee if, having given his parole, he had broken it; but the Malay standard of ethics is not the same as that we are pleased to call the Anglo-Saxon, and if Aguinaldo, given his release to-day under all sorts of promises of loyalty to the American flag were to-morrow to raise the standard of revolt, the people would admire him the more, considering that he had only played a sharp and perfectly legitimate trick upon his enemies. Understand me, I am not pretending to know all these things about the Filipino character; I am only telling you what those who have studied these people during a number of years have to say of them. Europeans who lived here long before Americans dreamed of coming bear the same testimony that our army officers and civil officials do.

"The little man resents the physical superiority of the big man; the brown man resents the assumed superiority of the white man; is it natural to expect the little brown man to love the big white man who comes to his land as conqueror and flaunts this superiority in his face? Does not this question, in all probability, point the way to the root-cause of present and prospective trouble?"

Assuming that we can eventually conquer these people, a task in which we have now been engaged for over three years, the prospective difficulty of the work before us is practically admitted by the stern methods resorted to by military commanders, and by the general agreement among military men in the Philippines that the people do not want peace, and that they are by nature treacherous and totally unreliable.

And that's the kind of material that they expect some day to make Americans out of. We have been for a couple centuries trying to make civilized people out of American Indians, and yet we have to shoot some of them occasionally, and as a last resort, the Indian Commissioner has struck on the process of making the young "educated" bucks cut their hair and wash their faces. He believes in soap. Perhaps some day they will try soap on the Filipinos as a substitute for the reconcentrado methods for making good Americans.

KICKING AGAINST RECIPROCITY

The home sugar makers had a hearing before the House Ways and Means Committee, Wednesday, Mr. Oxnard appearing as the spokesman for the beet sugar interests in opposition to reciprocity with Cuba. Mr. Oxnard is fighting this thing because his money is in the beet sugar industry, which he says is now prospering in eleven States, and which, he further says, must have protection for at least ten years more, by which time it can supply all the sugar this country will need and stand on its own pins.

Assuming that it will grow under protection as he says it will, we will wager dimes against doughnuts that if the proposition were made at the end of ten years to put sugar on the free list there would be as much vigorous kicking against it as there is now.

But in the course of his hearing by the committee Mr. Oxnard said one thing which is true. Referring to the efforts of the Sugar Trust to have raw sugar admitted from Cuba free of duty or on a low duty, he declared that this country is interested in the production of sugar and should not be content with being a mere refiner. He was right in that. Whatever concessions be made to Cuba on the sugar question should apply to both raw and refined sugar and not be shaped in the interest of the Sugar Trust, which is simply a refiner and not a producer of sugar. It would be the gainer by free raw sugar and would give the American consumer but little benefit of the reduced cost to it of raw sugar.

Logically if there be anything right in the doctrine of protection Mr. Oxnard is right when he contends that the sugar beet grower and manufacturer of beet sugar, and the cane grower and manufacturer of cane sugar are entitled to as much consideration as the Sugar Trust, which is simply looking after its own interests, as the beet and cane men are after theirs. They are all looking out for themselves and the sugar consumer doesn't, in their estimation, enter as a factor at all.

Representative Johnson, of Indiana, held the record as the fastest talker in Congress, but Mr. Littlefield, of Maine, comes pretty near him, and when wound up and freely lubricated can come pretty near reeling of the 300 words a minute, which was Johnson's score.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

PLAYING TO THE GRAND STAND

A right snappy debate was injected into the discussion of the Urgent Deficiency bill in the House of Representatives, Wednesday, the cause being appropriations asked for for building army posts, &c., in the Philippines. The Democrats objected, first on the ground that the object was concealed, the Republicans trying to steal the appropriation of $500,000 through without saying what it was for, but when questions brought that out then the Democrats opposed it on the ground that it was new legislation injected into the bill, was out of place and out of order. When a Republican, Hull, of Iowa, agreeing with the Democrats, made the point of order it was sustained by the chairman, but when the same proposition was renewed in somewhat different form it was sustained as proper by the chair.

On submitting it to a vote every Republican in the House voted for it and every Democrat in the House, except Cummings, of New York, against it. In casting his vote, Mr. Cummings played to the grand stand and won the applause of the Republicans by "shaking his fist" in the faces of his Democratic colleagues and dramatically, exclaiming: "When I refuse to protect the life of an American soldier, I hope I may be paralyzed." If Mr. Cummings were paralyzed the country would probably survive it.

This was the cheap play of a fakir, for the protection of the lives of American soldiers was not at issue at all, and Cummings knew it. It was simply a question as to the propriety of putting an appropriation of that kind in that bill, after having tried to steal it through in disguise. Cummings knew that and hence he was making a mean play for Republican applause and was putting his Democratic colleagues in an outrageously false position, when he intimated that they were sacrificing the lives of American soldiers.

If a Republican had said that it might be passed over, for Republicans are in the habit of denouncing Democrats who refuse to endorse their Philippine policies as enemies of the soldiers, but coming from a so-called Democrat it was without excuse and a flagrant insult. If he wanted to vote with the Republicans he had a right to do it, but he should have done it in order and decently without playing for Republican applause and making an ass of himself.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The valued New York *Mail and Express* says Mr. German cannot fool the voters of the country any of the time. Yet these voters have been fooled at times by gentlemen with less experience than the Maryland gentleman.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— It is reported from New York that Hon. David Bennet Hill is grooming Bird S. Coler for the Democratic nomination for Governor of New York. Coler would hardly make a strong candidate. Tammany hates him and he fiddled with the mugwumps for the mayoralty nomination in New York until up-State Democrats took askance at him.—*Norfolk Virginian-Pilot, Dem.*

—— In looting Tien Tsin the American marines secured some silver bullion, which was shipped to the United States as part of the spoils of war. Since it was decided that this country had not been at war with China, a check for the full value of the silver will be handed the Chinese Minister, and the return of the $376,000 might establish a precedent for the honest men, museums, etc., that were enriched under the same circumstances—including the missionary funds. Will it be followed?—*Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.*

—— According to the statisticians the average cost of living in the United States has been increased in the last few years of piping Protectionist prosperity about 60 per cent. This is an aspect of our high stepping forward movement that the favored interests who are reaping the harvests they had no hand in sowing do not like to dwell upon. But it is a matter of serious thinking for the wage earner. If his earnings have not increased in proportion to his necessary outgo, so far as he is concerned prosperity is a delusion.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY. Trial bottles free.

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Tarboro *Southerner*: A shirt factory is paying good dividends in Hamilton, another is doing as well in Scotland Neck.

— Monroe *Journal*: Mr. C. T. Bailey, of Marshville, has a gourd 59 inches in circumference, and which holds thirteen gallons. It was grown by Mr. Thomas Staten, of Anson county.

— Clarkton *Express*: Mr. Wm. M Campbell has a school slate that his grandfather, the late Archibald Campbell, Sr., brought from Argyle, Scotland, in 1771. The slate is about one-half inch thick, ten inches wide, 18 inches in length and weighs about ten pounds. It is in a remarkable state of preservation.

— Weldon *News*: One of the State's cotton gins on the Caledonia farms was burned Sunday night, and we learn that about forty bales of cotton were consumed by the flames. The origin of the fire is not known, but it is supposed to have been of incendiary origin, as the fire occurred on Sunday night at a time when no fire had been near the gin for twenty-four hours or more.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Cotton seed are now bringing 27 cents a bushel here. This the highest price in a number of years. —— The smallpox scare has completely abated. There is hardly any doubt but that as soon as the proper period passes, which is sixteen days, the quarantine on all suspects will be raised and the field declared free.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: The barn belonging to Mrs. C A. Middleton, just north of town, containing four or five hundred bushels of corn, hay, oats, fodder, etc., together with the wagon house, stables and two cribs, were destroyed by fire last Thursday morning about 4 o'clock. The fire was discovered just in time to save six head of horses and mules from the burning stables adjoining the barn. The origin of the fire is not known, but it is believed by some to be incendiary, owing to the hour and place which it occurred. The loss is estimated at $2,500, with only $700 insurance. —— About 4 o'clock Monday morning the barn of Mr. Peter Jones, about three miles south of town, with his entire crop of corn, and the rough feed were burned. Mr. Jones conducted a two-horse farm and had plenty of feed to run him for the year. None of the family can imagine how the fire originated, unless it was the work of an incendiary.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: Two negroes, Dave Smith and Joe Dickens, while at work at the cotton oil mill in this city, Thursday afternoon, became involved in an altercation, which resulted in Smith striking Dickens on the head with a pinch bar, fracturing his skull. He was carried to his home in an unconscious condition, where he died during the night. The murderer escaped. — Mr. I. H. Lamb, an old farmer about 70 years of age, and living near Burgaw, was the victim of a bold highway robbery early Friday night. He was called to the door and several masked men confronted him. They seized him and at the point of pistols demanded his money. He refused to comply with their demands and the party engaged him and two of them held him down while the others ransacked the house. It is believed that they got off with $300 or $300 Mr. Lamb was warned not to open his mouth about the robbery until the following night under the penalty of death. However about 9 o'clock Saturday morning he broke the news to his friends. The guilty parties have not been apprehended.

TWINKLINGS

— The new head of Tammany is a literary man. I s'pose they taste 'bout the same to hungry tigers as to other kind.—*Life*

— "Cholly doesn't seem to be of much use in the world." "On I don't know; he makes a nice cigarette holder."—*Philadelphia Bulletin*.

— Behindhand: Snuffer—What you want to do for your cold is to take quinine. Sniffer—I'm sorry, old man, but there are 147 cures ahead of yours.—*Puck*.

—Not Sensitive: Parke "I make a point of always telling my wife the truth about myself." Lane—"I suppose she is a woman who isn't easily shocked."—*Detroit Free Press*.

— "You say you never gossip? Never, answered Miss Cayenne. When I feel disposed to hear my neighbors discussed I merely mention a name and then proceed to listen.—*Detroit Free Press*.

— "What do you think, James?" remarked Mrs. Meekton. "Mother says she wants to be cremated." "All right," replied Meekton, quickly, "tell her to get her things on and I'll take her down now."—*Town Topics*

— Point of View: "It is hard to lose one's relations," said the seedy individual with a mourning band on his hat. "Hard!" echoed the man whose cheek is good for a million. "Why, sir, it's simply impossible."—*Chicago Daily News*.

— "They're thinking now of reversing the usual process and first trying plays in New York before taking them out on the road." "What's the idea?" "Well, if the play succeeds in New York the rest of the country will know it's rotten."—*Life*.

— "Some people are never satisfied" remarked the stage carpenter. "What now?" asked the scene shifter. "Why, I just heard Little Eva say she was tired of going to paradise."—*Chicago News*.

— Mr. Gillis—Surely, Miss Gray, you haven't forgotten me already? Why, I proposed to you at the seashore last summer. Miss Gray (much puzzled)—Can't you recall some other incident?—*Judge*.

— "All the mechanical toys you make seem to be very successful." "Yes," said the inventor. "I've only had one failure." "What was the matter with it?" "Too realistic, I guess. It was a toy tramp, and it wouldn't work."—*Philadelphia Press*.

Common Sense.

The term "common sense" puzzles so many people, for we all must sorrowfully admit its uncommonness. Common sense is that sense which is common to all the five senses or the point where the five senses meet, supposed to be the seat of the soul, where it judges what is presented by the five senses and then decides the mode of action.

The ostrich has long been laughed at for pushing its head into a bush when hunted. It is really far the wisest thing the bird could do, for its long neck is by far the most easily seen part of it. Its body plumage harmonizes perfectly with the desert sand.

What's Your Face Worth?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin,—all signs of Liver Trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give Clear Skin, Rosy Cheeks, Rich Complexion. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A SONG FOR YOUTH.

Oh, flowerlike years of youth,
Delay, delay!
Old Time shall soon, forsooth,
December make of May;
Bid him away!

Oh, flowerlike years of youth,
Oh, stay, oh, stay!
Nor covet age uncouth
When all is warm and gay
For you today.

Oh, flowerlike years of youth,
Delay, delay!
Let others seek for truth;
Yours is the time for play
And dance of fay.

Oh, flowerlike years of youth,
Oh, stay, oh, stay!
Time with remorseless tooth
Shall gnaw your bloom away;
Then say him nay.

Oh, flowerlike years of youth,
Delay, delay!
Age knows for you no ruth;
Then, till your latest day,
Hold him at bay.

—Robert Underwood Johnson in Independent.

A BOOMERANG JOKE.

Played by and on General Crook, the Indian Fighter.

"To most people the late General George Crook, the Indian fighter, was a solemn man, but he loved a practical joke," said a man who wears colonel before his name. "Back in the seventies, soon after he was made a brigadier general and stationed at Omaha, General Crook organized a wildcat hunting party among a lot of us, and one moonlight night we started across the prairie from Omaha for the fort. The plan was to sleep at the fort and at daylight start for the wildcats. After we were all fast asleep General Crook came down stairs without any shoes on and took from our rifles the ball cartridges, replacing them with blanks. On the way to the woods the general indicated the order in which he wished us to fire on the first wildcat in case we should tree the beast. We had hardly reached the woods before General Crook rose in his saddle and said:

"'By thunder, boys, there's a cat right in the crotch of that fir! Drop off your wagon and bag him!'

"We were on the ground in a twinkling, and in less time than it takes to tell it we were blazing away at a monstrous big wildcat which was hugging the limb of the tree. The cat never stirred as the successive shots were fired, and the hunters looked at one another with open mouthed astonishment. We looked around for General Crook and found him behind a stump laughing away to beat the band. At once it flashed on us that we had been hoaxed. The general had just straightened up and was beginning to explain the joke when the driver, a hired man at the fort, pulled from under a blanket in the wagon a double barreled shotgun loaded with buckshot. The general didn't see him fire, but he turned around just in time to see tufts of fur and hair fly from the wildcat as it dropped from the tree.

"Off went the general into another fit of laughter. But this time the laugh was on himself, for the hired man had poured both charges of buckshot into a beautifully stuffed wildcat, completely ruining it, and the general subsequently paid the saloon keeper from whom he had borrowed it about $15. All that Crook said was:

"'Boys, it was $100 apiece to see five good marksmen miss a wildcat in broad daylight at 30 paces.'"—New York Tribune.

QUARRELS OVER TRIFLES.

Frequently the Most Disturbing Element In Married Life.

It is very commonly observed that the most acute pangs which we meet with are in the beginning of wedlock and proceed from ignorance of each other's humor and want of prudence to make allowances for a change from the most careful respect to the most unbounded familiarity. Hence it arises that trifles are commonly occasions of the greatest anxiety, for contradiction being a thing wholly unusual between a newly married couple, the smallest instance of it is taken for the highest injury, and it very seldom happens that the man is slow enough in assuming the character of a husband or the woman quick enough in condescending to that of a wife. It immediately follows that they think they have all the time of their courtship been talking in masks to each other and therefore begin to act like disappointed people. Philander finds Delia ill natured and impertinent, and Delia thinks Philander surly and inconsistent.

I have known a fond couple to quarrel in the very honeymoon about cutting up a tart; nay, I could name two who, after having had seven children, fell out and parted over boiling a leg of mutton. It may seem strange to those who are not married when I tell you how the least trifle can strike a woman dumb for a week. But if you ever enter into this state you will find that the gentle sex as often expresses anger by an obstinate silence as by an ungovernable clamor.

Those, indeed, who begin this great state of life without jars at their setting out arrive within a few months at a pitch of benevolence and affection of which the most perfect friendship is but a faint resemblance. As in an unfortunate marriage the most minute and indifferent things are objects of the sharpest resentment, so in a happy one they are occasions of the most exquisite satisfaction. What does not oblige in one we love? What does not offend in one we dislike? For these reasons I take it for a rule that in marriage the chief business is to acquire a prepossession in favor of each other. Each should consider the other's words and actions with secret indulgence. —Success.

OH, NO, HE WASN'T SCARED.

The Man Who Saw a White Object Rise Out of a Grave at Night.

"I protest I wasn't frightened a bit," said a suburban resident the other evening as he sat with a few of the neighbors. "You may laugh all you want to, but you can't prove by any act I committed or any word I spoke that I was at all scared. This is how it happened:

"I was coming home about 11:30 o'clock, and, being in a hurry to get home, I made a short cut through the cemetery. I was going along at a pretty good pace, jumping over the mounds and tombstones. I was never more awake, more normal or less nervous in my life. But suddenly, down in the hollow at one corner of the cemetery, where the trees didn't admit the moonlight, I saw something white rise up out of a grave and then disappear in the earth. Immediately after I heard a dreadful groan. It was a real groan, I was sure, the kind of a groan that is wrung from a man by great physical pain.

"I stopped stock still. I didn't move. Once more something white rose out of the grave under the tree shadows and then sank back into the grave. Once more the groan was repeated.

"I was not frightened, I protest I was not. But as I stood and looked and listened while the strange phenomenon was repeated it seemed to me the best course was to retire as speedily as possible from that part of the cemetery. Was it a ghost? I didn't believe it was at the time. But I wasn't going to set myself up as a judge and decide the case, and I wasn't going to investigate. It wasn't my business anyhow. I didn't own the graveyard and I did not have any relatives buried there. So I got out."

"And you ran, too," remarked the man who lived across the street. "I saw you."

"Yes, I suppose I must have run. You see, I was anxious to tell my wife about it; such a good story."

"Well, did you find out what it was?"

"Oh, yes. It was perfectly natural, just as I expected. The sexton's white horse had fallen in a grave and broken its leg. It was trying to get out."—Kansas City Star.

DUCRO'S Alimentary ELIXIR

Is highly recommended as a remedy for long diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers

Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Fad

Of the modern woman is health by exercise. It's an excellent fad, provided that it is always remembered that exercise cannot cure womanly diseases.

Indeed, where such diseases exist exercise is apt to aggravate the condition rather than to help it.

The first step toward establishing the general health is to establish the local womanly health. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures womanly diseases which undermine the general health. It establishes regularity, dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

When these are cured, backache, headache and nervousness are things of the past. The universal testimony of weak and sickly women, cured by "Favorite Prescription," is this: "It has made me feel like a new woman."

"My wife has used three bottles of Dr. Pierce's medicine, and I never saw such results," writes A. B. Haynes, Esq., of Aurora, Lawrence Co., Mo. "It was wonderful in its work. We had used lots of medicine, also had one of the best physicians in Aurora, but my wife got no better; we heard one pitiful groan after another, day and night. A friend handed me a copy of Dr. Pierce's book, the Common Sense Medical Adviser, and after reading the testimonials of Dr. Pierce's successful treatment, and seeing that the cases described were similar to my wife's, I bought for her a bottle of Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Before she had taken all of the medicine she was up and helping to do the work. She has taken three bottles and is now about well. Has better health than she has had for years."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

Where Old Ships Go.

"Where do all the old ships go?" was the query put by a reporter on Front street the other day to an old sea captain.

"Mostly to the Germans," came the reply. "They don't build ships, leastwise not wooden ones, so much as some other people do. They buy secondhand ships, and they do most of their buying in America. The German merchants operate on smaller capital than ours, and they can't or won't put as much money into timber as they do here. They have a sharp eye for bargains, too, let me tell you, and when they find a tub that is somewhat slow and leaky, but presentable and cheap, they buy her, copper bottom her and start her on her travels again.

"Lord, there's lots of American built ships flying the Dutchman's flag at our wharfs. Some Norwegians buy 'em, too, but its mostly Germans that get 'em."

This throws a light on old ships, but the pins, pianos and sewing machines are still to be accounted for.—New York Herald.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6½
Standard ℔		@	7¼
Burlaps		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔	12½@		14
Sides ℔	9	@	10
Shoulders ℔	9	@	9½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔	9½@		9½
Shoulders ℔	9	@	9¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 35	@	1 35
Second-hand machine	1 35	@	1 35
New North, each		@	1 35
New City, each		@	1 35
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔	15	@	18
Northern	22	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	78½@		81
Virginia Meal	78½@		81
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	1 25	@	1 30
CANDLES—℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
COFFEE—℔			
Laguyra	11	@	13½
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 lbs		@	0
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	23 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 50	@	3 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 50	@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	1 00	@	2 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	6	@	10
Extra	4 00	@	5 00
FLOUR—℔ bbl—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 70
Choice	3 75	@	4 00
Straight	4 00	@	4 75
Fine Patent	5 00	@	5 25
GLUE—℔ ℔		@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	86	@	88
Mixed Corn	81	@	86
Oats, from store (mixed)	63	@	65½
Oats, Rust Proof	75	@	85
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—℔ ℔			
Green salted	4	@	5
Dry flint	10	@	11
Dry salt	9	@	10
HAY ℔ 100 lbs	1 00	@	1 05
No 1 Timothy		@	65
Rice Straw	75	@	80
N. C. Crop	2½	@	3
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔			
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	13½@		14
Dairy Cream	12	@	13½
Half cream	10	@	10½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	8½	@	13½
North Carolina	10	@	12½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 10	@	1 25
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	18 00
Rump		@	15 50
Prime		@	18 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	11	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool		@	90
American		@	90
On 120 ℔ Sacks	80	@	90
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	4 90	@	5 40
Standard A	4¾	@	5
White Extra C	4¼	@	4¾
Extra C, golden	4¼	@	4¼
O Yellow	4	@	4¼
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, rosewood	18 00	@	30 00
Rough Plank	15 00	@	15 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	15 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	20 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	31
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29	@	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	29	@	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	17	@	17
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 40	@	2 50
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 50
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	8 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6X24 heart	6 25	@	7 00
Sap	5 50	@	6 00
5X20 Heart	3 50	@	4 00
Sap	2 50	@	3 00
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 90	@	2 10

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—801 bales cotton, 8 barrels tar.

W. C. & A. Railroad—546 bales cotton, 107 barrels tar, 21 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—141 bales cotton.

A. & Y. Railroad—123 bales cotton, 10 barrels tar, 95 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer C. M. Whitlock—4 casks spirits turpentine, 28 barrels rosin, 42 barrels tar, 80 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Highlander—6 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 109 barrels rosin, 207 barrels tar.

Aubrey's raft—267 barrels rosin.

Total—1,053 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 404 barrels rosin, 374 barrels tar, 146 barrels crude turpentine.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, January 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR—Market firm at $1.25 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market strong at $1.35 per barrel for hard, $2.50 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm at $1.20@1 25; tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine steady at $1.30 @2 30.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	10
Rosin	474
Tar	374
Crude turpentine	146

Receipts same day last year—34 casks spirits turpentine, 1,751 barrels rosin, 281 barrels tar, 134 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5½	cts ℔ lb
Good ordinary	6¾	" "
Low middling	7⅜	" "
Middling	7¾	" "
Good middling	8 1-16	" "

Same day last year, market steady at 9¼c for middling.

Receipts—1,503 bales; same day last year, 440.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, price s representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy, 80c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish, 75@77c.

CORN—Firm: 85@87½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 14@15c per pound; shoulders, 12½@13c; sides, 12½@13c.

EGGS—Dull at 18c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 20@25c; springs, 10@15c.

TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 12@14c; live, 9@10c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6¾c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 60@65c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Money on call easier at 2½@3 per cent.; the market closed, offered, at 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange was easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487 for demand and at 484½ for sixty days. Posted rates were 485 and 488. Commercial bills 483½@484¼. Bar silver 55½. Mexican dollars 44½. Government bonds easy. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds were irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 108¾; U. S. refunding 3's, coupon, 108¾; U. S. 3's, registered, 108; do. coupon, 108¼; U. S. 4's, new registered, 138½; do. coupon 138¾; U. S. 4's, old registered, 111¾; do. coupon, 111¾; U. S. 5's reg'd, ex int. 106; do. coupon, 107¼; Southern Railway, 5's, 119¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 103¾; Chesapeake & Ohio 46¾; Manhattan L 135¾; New York Central 161; Reading 56¾; do. 1st preferred 81¾; do. 2nd preferred 83¾; St. Paul 163; do. pref'd, 187; Southern R'way 32¾; do. pref'd 92¾; Amalgamated Copper 70¾; Am'n Tobacco —; People's Gas 100½; Sugar 125¾; Tennessee Coal and Iron 63¾; U. S. Leather 11¾; do. pref'd, 80½; Western Union 90¾; U. S. Steel 42¾; do. preferred 94¾; Mexican National 15¾; American Locomotive 31¾; do. preferred 91¾; Standard Oil 640@643. Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 59¼; do. preferred, 122.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 23½@24; do. preferred, 45¾@45¾; do 4s 84¼@84¾.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

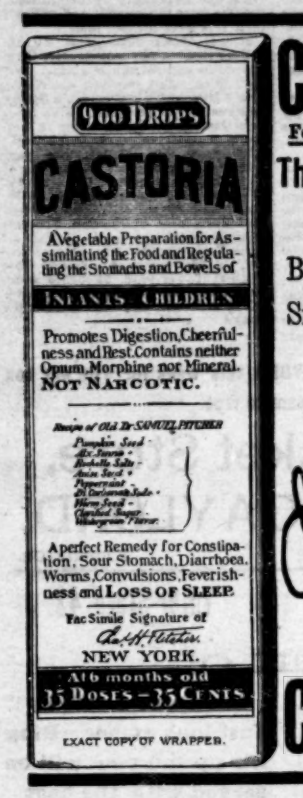
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine firm.

CHARLEST

PUZZLE PICTURE.

WHERE IS THE LADY'S DOG?


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years.

CASTORIA

Rehder's Rehder's

Wait For Bargains.

The balance of THE JOHNSON STOCK has been removed to our store. In a few days it will be put on sale.

We are going to move at a remarkable low price. At this sale lots of goods from our regular stock must go at low prices to make room for our Spring Stock.

We are sole agents for New Idea Patterns, sold at 10c. None better.

New Lot Carhart Overalls Just In.

We have all sizes. Can fit any size now. Every pair guaranteed. Union made.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
FOURTH STREET.

Watch for the date of the above sale. jan 19 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, N. C.,

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier

Assets $1,000,000.00.

Prompt and reliable service. Security. Every possible facility

UNITED STATES, STATE AND CITY DEPOSITORY.

DIRECTORS.

K. M. MURCHISON, J. V. GRAINGER, M. J. CORBETT, W. B. COOPER, N. JACOBI, J. C. STEVENSON, R. W. WALLACE, JNO. F. MCNAIR, A. B. NICHOLS, T. M. EMERSON, J. A. SPRINGER, H. C. MCQUEEN

jan 9 tf

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN 1902

1831 Seventy-Second Year

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper

AND ADMITTEDLY THE

Leading Agricultural Journal of the World.

Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines.

No other paper pretends to competete with it in qualifications of editorial staff.

Gives the agricultural News with a degree of fullness and completeness not even attempted by others.

INDISPENSABLE TO

All Country Residents

WHO WISH TO

KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES.

Single Subscription, $1.50;

Two Subscriptions, $2.50;

Five Subscriptions, $5.50.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS.

Four Months' Trial Trip 50 cents.

SPECIMEN COPIES

will be mailed free on request. It will pay any body interested in any way in country life to send for them. Address the publishers:

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Albany, N. Y.

oct 19 tf

Early Rose Seed Potatoes

Seed Oats,
Seed Wheat,
Salt, Molasses,

Bagging and Ties.

Lime, Cement, Nails,
Grain and Hay.

A general line of Groceries of best quality and fair prices.

The Worth Company.

jan 19 tf

Well, the New Year 1902

Is here, and you will find me at the same old place with a full stock of

Horses and Mules, Buggies and Harness

For sale, and from now on I will keep for hire a complete Light Livery; all new Buggies and nice. Stylish Horses.

F. T. MILLS.

ja 5 tf

SCORN THE THORN.

There was never a rose without a thorn,
Never a cake that we ate and had.
The cow had over a crumpled horn
To toss the maiden all forlorn
Until she was yet more sad.

The apples over the farmer's wall
Were probably grafted from Eden's tree,
But when we had eaten them after all,
Trespassing somewhere about nightfall,
They commonly failed to agree.

And love, my Phyllida, love the rose,
Love, the apple that tempted Eve?
Because of the thorn that about it grows,
Because of the greenness that nothing shows,
Apple and rose shall we leave?

No, my Phyllida; come what may,
Bleeding fingers or broken hearts,
Live and love for our little day,
Tear off armor and cast away
Shields against Cupid's darts!

—Westminster Gazette.

PEELING A SHRIMP.

Several Ways of Doing It, but It Is Really a Matter of Practice.

"While in one of the restaurants one day," remarked a rotund, good natured fellow yesterday, "I heard a stranger ask one of the waiters a question that attracted my attention because I have often pondered over the same weighty problem. 'Which is the best way to peel a shrimp?' asked the stranger, and the waiter proceeded to drawl out a long explanation which amounted, after all, to the quintessence of equivocation which Dickens put into the mouth of one of his characters—'still, at the same time, to a certain extent and as far as it goes, of course.' Really this problem of the best method of peeling a shrimp is very important to the man who is fond of tickling his palate with these brown dainties. Fashion has practically given the question over to individual taste and simply calls on every fellow to do the best he can under the circumstances.

"The nicer properties usually observed by the well bred man or woman at the table cannot be respected when one sails into a dainty dish of shrimp, and hence even the ultra fashionables are extremely liberal in the matter, allowing each fellow to use his own judgment. So there are ways and ways of shucking a shrimp, if I may use a corncrib expression. Ask one friend and he will tell you that the quickest and best way is to begin at the head and work your way gradually around the circle to the point of beginning. Ask another friend and he will probably tell you to pinch off the tip of the tail first, remove a few of the short claws, and then rip the monster up the back, as the saying goes, until the head is reached, and then pull off the two side scales that protect the gills—if shrimp have gills—and there you are. He is then skinned from the tip of his tail to his dark brown eyes. One may then pounce upon him without further delay.

"Still another friend will insist that the head should be pinched off first. This, it is contended, will produce a sort of relaxation in the compactness and rigidity of the vertebræ, loosening the cemented joints, as it were, and leaving the lower part of the body practically unattached to the thin shell which incases the meaty and eatable part of the shrimp. But other men who are equally as well versed in the anatomy of the shrimp insist that just the reverse is true, and that pinching the head off first produces a certain muscular rigidity which greatly delays the peeling process and makes the task more difficult.

"So there are many ways of peeling a shrimp, and the fellow described in the old saw who was so stingy that he would 'skin a flea for its hide and tallow' was confronted by no more difficult undertaking than the average man who sits down with a dish of river shrimp before him. For the benefit of those who are not accustomed to handling shrimp at the table and who rarely have an opportunity to enjoy this delicacy I would suggest that in the first place they remove the thingomado, then pinch off the dofunnys, slit the whatyoumaycallit, and pull it off, and then you have the whole capoodle. But really peeling shrimp is a matter of practice, and every fellow does it in his own way after all."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

SOME GOOD MAXIMS.

Many practice humanity to get the under hold.

Some people kick at everything they don't understand.

If you expect to make anything, expect to make mistakes.

Set your stake, and before you reach it set it farther ahead.

He that opposes us sharpens our wits and becomes our helper.

I would rather fail and know the cause than succeed and not know why.

It is a mistake to eat all you can, spend all you have, tell all you know or show all you feel.

Many people labor like an ox or a mule and have to be pressed or they will not earn their feed.

We look backward regretting or forward hoping, while the present stands offering us flowers.

Show me a man who has never made a mistake, and I will show you one who has never tried anything.

If we could get a shield from the fear of things that never happen, our troubles would be reduced 90 per cent.

If you don't know where success lies, perhaps you know where it is not, and that will show you what to avoid.

A bad pup often makes a good dog, and I would rather undertake to reverse the force of a bad man than lend my own to a weak one.

You can't escape criticism, for if you save your money you are a miser and a hog, and if you spend it you are a spendthrift and a dog.

Don't tell me what you have of beauty, strength, education, money or genius. The only thing I care to consider is what you are doing with it.

I can tolerate a man who fails to acquire an education or one who never gets a dollar ahead, but scan grow tired of a person who does not have sense enough to have a good time.—Success.

The Poor Ropemakers.

Ropemakers were formerly a race apart in Bretagne, where they were banished into certain districts as a species of pariahs and avoided. They inspired horror because of their manufactures—the instruments of death and slavery. Formerly they intermarried only among themselves, and the entree of the churches was forbidden them.

In the fifteenth century the ropemakers were believed to be Jews and separated from the rest of mankind by leprosy. The Duc de Bretagne, Francois II, made them wear a badge of red cloth, to distinguish them.

In 1825 the prejudice against them was disappearing, but they still passed for magicians. They took advantage of the popular sentiment and sold talismans against wounds. They predicted the future and were thought to cause bad winds.

The Hardest Worked Vegetable.

According to a writer in the New York Sun, the cucumber is the hardest worked member of the vegetable kingdom. At least it is if we may judge by the variety of its uses. From America to Asia Minor it appears as an article of food on dinner tables and supper tables, all over the civilized world. But that does not exhaust its possibilities by any means. In Egypt it is made to yield a pleasant, cooling drink by ingenious treatment. A hole is cut in the cucumber, the pulp is broken and stirred with a stick and the hole closed with wax. The cucumber, still fastened to its stem, is lowered into a pit. After a few days the juice ferments, and the Egyptian drawing it off has a liquor exactly suited to his taste.

As to Luck.

"I wonder if anybody's as unlucky as I am," grumbled the first pessimist. "I never have any luck at all."

"Huh!" snorted the other, "you're lucky. It's better to never have any luck at all than to be always having bad luck like me."—Philadelphia Press.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

PENALTIES FOR CRIME.

Punishments That Were Inflicted in the Sixteenth Century.

In Navarre in early times murder and suicide were considered treason and involved confiscation of property, while homicide was punished by fine and demi-homicide (slight wounds) by lighter fines. Killings from vengeance and for gain were distinguished, and murder in a church was held to be an especially odious crime, especially if the church was consecrated.

The Fueros of Etella and St. Sebastian permit the killing of a burglar, but if the owner of the house can seize such burglar he must not kill him. And if he does and a relation of the dead man says, "You have killed my relation under different circumstances from what you say; he was not at your house," the slayer must then swear and undergo the proof of hot iron to prove that he killed the man when in his house and not wantonly. If the accused gets over the proof of the hot iron without hurt, then the accuser has to pay. If the parties prefer to fight a duel, they can do so, but this it not the custom."

Later on in Navarre torture became general and penalties more severe. For example, incendiaries and their accomplices were hanged and burned. The custom of Soule (sixteenth century) orders the cars of recidivist bandits to be cut off and recidivist robbers to be hanged and strangled; also those guilty of arson in houses and mills to be beheaded and to have their goods confiscated for reparation of the damage done. In Lagreze words: "Old Fueros, like the general, are not as severe as when the penal system was thoroughly organized. It is impossible to have any idea of the variety and absurdity of the punishments prescribed."

As an illustration, the theft of a cat is punishable by a fine of the amount of flour which would cover its whole body if piled up around the aforesaid cat. When the offender has no flour, the cat is tied to his naked shoulders and then beaten to make it scratch and bite the thief. In Bigorre fines were less in amount than elsewhere, especially in Bearn, and they could often be paid in kind. Whether this was attributable wholly to the humanity of the people of Bigorre or to their poverty is not altogether free from doubt, for at Pampeluna the fine for killing a man was 1,000 sols or 40 measures of wheat, of barley and of wine, while in the mountains hard by it was 240 sols or 12 oxen.—Gentleman's Magazine.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

A little vinegar put into a frying pan and heated on the stove removes the odor of onions or fish from the utensils.

A hint for the laundry is that calicoes, ginghams and chintzes are all much better ironed on the wrong rather than the right side.

Soiled photographs may be cleaned by sponging with clear, cold water. The cardboard mounts may be cleaned by rubbing with dry bread.

Flatirons that have been redhot do not retain the heat so well afterward and will always be rough. Do not put them on the stove too long before they are needed if there is a very hot fire.

Baize bags are invaluable for large and small pieces of silver. A case of knives or forks can be made of a straight piece of baize, with a pocket stitched on, which has a compartment for each single knife. Tapes fasten this when rolled.

To clean piano keys take out the top front of the piano as if you were going to tune it. Then lift up each key till it clears the back notes and rub with a clean cloth slightly damped with cold water. Dry and polish with another cloth.

How We Used to Dress.

The average American of 1800 was dressed in a pair of leather breeches, usually inherited from his grandfather; a coarse check shirt, a red flannel jacket, an old felt hat, a leather apron dripping with greasy dirt, a pair of darned yarn stockings and heavy, patched shoes of the stiffest leather. This was his habitual attire.

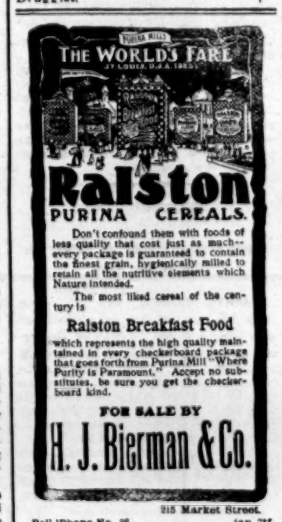
A Fount of Knowledge.

Hinton—So your son has graduated from college. What is he going to do?

Holden—Well, for the present he is going to sit round and tell the rest of us all he thinks he knows.—Boston Transcript.

White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all Stomach Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †


THE WORLD'S FAIR
Ralston
PURINA CEREALS.
Don't confound them with foods of less quality that cost just as much—every package is guaranteed to contain the finest grain, hygienically milled to retain all the nutritive elements which Nature intended.
The most liked cereal of the century is
Ralston Breakfast Food
which represents the high quality maintained in every checkerboard package that goes forth from Purina Mill "Where Purity is Paramount." Accept no substitutes, be sure you get the checkerboard kind.
FOR SALE BY
H. J. Bierman & Co.
215 Market Street.

Bell 'Phone No. 36. jan 7tf

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS. new catch.
Best Cream Cheese.
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.

SALT.

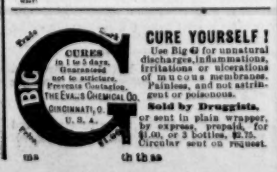
A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for

ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

jan



CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

th 1h ss

We Are Moving in Line With THE PROCESSION.

Our New Spring Goods Arriving Daily.

A Full Line of New and Fresh Spring Mattings.

Embroideries in Cambrics, Nainsooks

and Swiss, with Allovers and Beadings to match.

Our line of White Goods is full and complete, consisting of Cambrics, Long Cloth, English Nainsook, Irish Linen, Victoria Lawn, Persian Lawn, French Nainsook and Linen Cambrics.

I am sole Agent for The Butterick Paper Patterns.

American Lady Corsets. Her Majesty's Corsets,

A. D. Brown,

Dry Goods and Carpets.

No. 29 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 19 tf

PRUDENT ADVERTISERS SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

—IS THE—

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

For rates and sample copies, address

WM. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
Wilmington, N. C.

COAL AND WOOD!

WE ARE NOW OFFERING

THE BEST QUALITY AND THE CLEANEST COAL ON THE MARKET. FIRST CLASS

Blackjack, Split Oak, Ash, Pine and Lightwood.

Our Wood we Guarantee

To be perfectly DRY, regardless of weather.

Prices, Weights and Measures Guaranteed.

Give us a trial order and judge for yourself.

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,

214 South Front Street.

BELL 'PHONE 645. INTERSTATE 72.

nov 24 tf

THIS WEEK—

We will sell the celebrated coronet line of Ladies' Shoes in seven different styles

For $2 a Pair,

any size you want. Regular price $2.75. Mention this ad

THIS IS THE PLACE.

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.,

Fourth and Campbell Streets.

jan 4 tf

SPECIAL—

Beginning Monday we will sell any TAN SHOE in our house at actual COST.

We have also a lot of Ladies' and Gents' Needle and Pointed Toe Shoes

That we will sell you at $1.50. These are goods that sold for $3 to $5 a pair. Come early before sizes are broken.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

jan 19 tf

Saturday, Feb, 1st.

Money deposited with us on or before February 1st, will bear interest from that date at the rate of 4 per cent per annum compounded quarterly. We invite you to open an account with us. We take amounts from $5 cents upward and extend the same courtesy to all.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

DIRECTORS.

H. C. M'QUEEN, J. S. ARMSTRONG, WM. CALDER,
E. C. HOLT, M. W. DIVINE, ISAAC BEAR,
J. H. CHADBOURN, JR., J. A. SPRINGER, M. J. CORBETT.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
F. W. DICK, Cashier.

jan 21 tf

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

WEST SAL INDIA SHORT LINE

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Dec 1st, 1901.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M., Hamlet at 7:30 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:50 A. M., Pembroke 9:20 A. M., Lumberton 9:34 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10 35 p m	6 35 a m
Ar Monroe	12 1 a m	8 00 a m
Ar Charlotte		9 25 a m
Ar Chester	1 35 a m	9 45 a m
Ar Greenwood	3 43 a m	1 52 p m
Ar Athens	6 13 a m	4 14 p m
Ar Atlanta	8 50 a m	6 55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Shreveport and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10 35 p m	6 40 a m
Ar Columbia	1 05 a m	9 40 a m
Ar Savannah	4 40 a m	12 05 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9 0 a m	3 50 p m
Ar Tampa	5 40 p m	5 00 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	11 00 p m	7 40 a m
Ar Raleigh	2 00 a m	1 05 a m
Ar Norfolk	5 50 a m	11 05 p m
Ar Portsmouth	7 15 a m	5 25 p m
Ar Norfolk		
Lv Hamlet	10 40 p m	7 35 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 10 a m	10 15 a m
Ar Norlina	3 30 a m	11 55 a m
Ar Petersburg	5 54 a m	2 26 p m
Ar Richmond	6 55 a m	3 05 p m
Ar Washington	10 10 a m	6 30 p m
Ar Baltimore	11 25 a m	11 25 p m
Ar New York	4.15 p m	6 50 a m

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 21, leaving New York at 1.00 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10 40 p. m.; Portsmouth 8.00 p. m.; Norfolk 8.30 p. m.; Raleigh 3.35 a. m. arriving Hamlet at 6.40 a. m. From train 36, leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.03 p. m.; Chester 4.56 a. m.; Charlotte 5.00 a. m.; Monroe 5.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 7.40 p. m.; Savannah 11.35 p. m.; Columbia 3.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.05 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C

R. E. L. BUNCH,
General Passenger Agent.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man.

dec 7 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Passg'r Trains		STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Passg'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	8 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 22	Kinston	10 12	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	8 27	9 00
7 05	7 05	Morehead City	7 00	7 00
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound north, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 4.00 P. M. and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 8.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf E. L. DILL, Sup't.

New Goods.

Bagging and Ties,

New Mullets,

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,
SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE,
MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES
WHEAT BRAN,
CANNED GOODS, SOAP,
LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.

Send me your orders,

Special attention given to consignments

S. P. McNAIR.

jan 28 tf

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COCELIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents: or sent by

The Carrollton Chemical Co.,
Baltimore, Md.

TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY! WRITE US ABOUT IT!

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901 the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

sep 22 tf R. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

Of Interest!

A Car Pierce's Vegetable Baskets, just in.

WHITE SPRING AND RUST PROOF OATS.

Seed Potatoes,
Seed Potatoes,
Best varieties.

HALL & PEARSALL,
(INCORPORATED.)
Wholesale Grocers.

jan 14 tf

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

Schedule in Effect Dec. 22, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A. M.: No. 43—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.45 A. M., Warsaw 11.31 A. M., Goldsboro 12.31 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M. Weldon 4.53 P. M., Petersburg 5.46 P. M., Richmond 7.45 P. M., Norfolk 8.5 P. M., Washington 11.43 P. M. Baltimore 1.29 A. M., Philadelphia 4.28 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M., †Boston 8.0 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M.: No. 49—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.2 P. M., Warsaw 6.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.27 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 9.34 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.33 P. M. Weldon 1.37 A. M., †Norfolk 1.50 P. M. Petersburg 3.1 A. M., Richmond 3.57 A. M., Washington 7.39 A. M., Baltimore 9.03 A. M., Philadelphia 11.12 A. M. New York 1.43 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 4.19 P. M.: No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.19 P. M., Newbern 8.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 6.00 A. M.: No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.45 A. M., Florence 9.25 A. M., Lanes 11.26 A. M., Charleston 1.10 P. M.

DAILY 3.45 P. M.: No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M. Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M. Sumter 9.15 P. M., Columbia 10.43 P. M. Denmark 6.14 A. M., Augusta 8.10 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.25 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.00 A. M., Jacksonville 5.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10 50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.10 A. M.: No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.30 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.40 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.24 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M.: No. 42—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.15 P. M., New York †2.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 8.05 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.22 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.15 P. M. Warsaw 4.19 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 10.10 A. M.: No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.25 A. M., Philadelphia 12.03 P. M., Baltimore 2.15 P. M. Washington 3.45 P. M., Richmond 7.25 P. M., Petersburg 7.09 P. M., **Norfolk 4.00 P. M., Weldon 9.35 P. M., **Tarboro 7.32 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.46 A. M. Leave Wilson 9.06 A. M., Goldsboro 7.31 A. M., Warsaw 9.21 A. M., Magnolia 9.37 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.00 A. M.: No. 63—Passenger—Leave Newbern 12.15 P. M. Jacksonville 12.00 A. M.

Sunday 12.15 P. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY except Sunday 11.30 P. M.: No. 50—Leave Charleston 4.30 P. M. Lanes 6.06 P. M., Florence 6.15 P. M. Marion 6.54 P. M., Chadbourn 9.38 P. M. Lake Waccamaw 10.21 P. M.

DAILY 1.40 P. M.: No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.40 A. M., Sanford 3.10 P. M., Jacksonville 8.30 P. M., Savannah 1.20 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M. Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 1.00 P. M. Augusta 8.20 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M. Columbia 8.5 A. M., Sumter 8.39 P. M., Florence 10.10 A. M., Marion 10.52 A. M., Chadbourn 11.56 A. M. Lake Waccamaw 12.37 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M.: No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 4.35 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 6.20 P. M., leave Fayetteville 6.30 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.10 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.06 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 9.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.15 P. M., Halifax 3.39 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M., Greenville 5.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.30 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.05 A. m., Weldon 11.30 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 2.45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.55 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 5.22 P. M.; arrives Washington 12 30 A. M and 6.15 P. M. Daily except Sunday

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.25 P. M.; Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.35 P. M. and 6.50 P. M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9 55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.00 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount 4.03 P. M. 4.05 P. M., arrives Nashville 10.30 A. M., 4.23 P. M., Spring Hope 11.05 A. M., 4.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 5.15 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M. 5.45 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.13 A. M. 6.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.46 A. M., Dillon 10.58 A. M., Rowland 11.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M. Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 12.01 P. M.; arrive Conway 2.20 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.35 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.00 P. M. leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Elrod 6.10 A M., returning leave Elrod 8.40 A M. arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A M. Daily except Sunday

Trains leave Sumter 6.20 P. M., Manning 6.56 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.40 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.00 A. M., Manning 9.03 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.44 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 5.40 A. M. +7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., +8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; +4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; +5.55 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 10.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.50 A. M., Hartsville 9.55 P. M., Cheraw 11.45 A. M., Wadesboro 12.50 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 5.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 5.37 P. M., Bennettsville 9.22 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 10.05 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.50 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.06 A. M. Bennettsville 7.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.22 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.50 P. M., 11.10 P. M., arrive Selma 3.48 P. M. 11.59 P. M., Smithfield 5.03 P. M., Dunn 5.40 P. M. Fayetteville 6.30 P. M. 1.10 A. M. Rowland 6.10 P. M. returning leave Rowland 11.15 A. M., Fayetteville 12.35 P. M., 10.07 P. M., Dunn 1.24 P. M., Smithfield 2.03 P. M. Selma 2.10 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 3.57 P. M., 12.57 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.36 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.14 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.25 P. M., Creston 5.32 P. M. Sumter 6.19 P. M. Daily.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

dec 22 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York,

Wilmington, N. C., and

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 18
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, Jan. 11

From Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Monday, Jan. 20
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 25

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Thursday, Jan. 16
ONEIDA..... Tuesday, Jan. 21

Steamers do not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, General Manager,
19 State street, New York

jan 16 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 24.

PRINCE HENRY SELECTS ABOUT FIFTY PRESENTS.

To be Given to Americans With Whom He Will Specially Come in Contact On His Visit.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—Admiral Prince Henry, of Prussia, selected at the court jewellers this morning about fifty presents for Americans with whom he will come specially in contact during his visit to the United States. The presents include several gold and silver boxes set with diamonds; they have the Emperor's monogram inlaid with diamonds enamelled on the lids; beautiful silver cups with "Hohenzollern" enamelled on them; gold and silver cigarette cases, on which his Majesty's autograph is traced in small diamonds, and small compasses, enclosed in gold and silver boxes, with "Hohenzollern" enamelled on them, besides larger and more valuable gifts. A number of cuff links, brooches and scarf pins with the initial "H" in diamonds are also included among the presents.

Official secrecy is maintained as to what the Emperor and Prince Henry will present to the President, Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans and Miss Alice Roosevelt, though it is well known that his Majesty will send Miss Roosevelt a jewelled bracelet and Prince Henry will probably offer the President a fine hunting gun, with interchangable shot and rifle barrels, and its accompanying equipment.

PROCEEDINGS IN PARLIAMENT

The Execution of Commandant Scheepers. Government's Reply to a Question as to Peace Proposals.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The war secretary, Mr. Broderick, was asked by William Redmond (Irish Nationalist) in the House of Commons to day why Commandant Scheepers was executed last Saturday at Graaff-Reinet, Cape Colony. The secretary replied that Scheepers was shot because he had been convicted of various offences against the usages of war, including seven cold blooded murders of natives and the flogging of a white man. Mr. Broderick added that the fact that Commandant Scheepers was a prisoner of war carried no exemption from trial for murder or other violations of the rules of war.

Mr. Balfour, the government leader in the House, partially parried an interesting question put by Mr. McLean, (Liberal) as to whether any proposals in behalf of the leaders of the Boers, with the view of bringing about a settlement of the war, had been received by the government since the negotiations between Gen. Kitchener and Gen. Botha.

"No proposal of that kind," said Mr. Balfour, "has reached us on the part of any one able to speak for the leaders of the Boer forces."

The evasive reply of the government leader was taken to be a confirmation of the reports that proposals had been received from Boer delegates in Europe, but had been rejected.

COLOMBIA'S REVOLUTION.

Renewed Activity of Liberal Forces. Gunboat Marietta Ordered to Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—As a result of the renewed activity of the Liberal forces of Colombia, on the isthmus of Panama, Secretary Long has ordered the gunboat Marietta, now off Porto Rico, to proceed to Colon, on the Gulf side, in order to co operate with the cruiser Philadelphia at Panama, on the Pacific side, in keeping a close watch on any developments which may threaten United States interests or treaty rights.

COLON COLOMBIA, Jan. 23.—The situation on the isthmus remains unchanged. Although quiet prevails both here and at Panama, these two ports are upon the tiptoe of expectancy and the resumption of hostilities between the government forces and the Colombian Liberals is awaited at any moment.

A slight skirmish occurred on the railroad line between here and Panama yesterday in which there were ten casualties among the Liberals. This skirmish resulted from the vigilance of the government troops who are closely watching all outlets along the railroad line to the interior of the country.

TRIAL OF ALBERT T. PATRICK.

Assistant District Attorney Osborne Continued His Statement to the Jury.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—When the trial of Albert T. Patrick charged with the murder of William Marsh Rice was resumed before Recorder Goff to-day, Assistant District Attorney Osborne continued his statement to the jury.

Mr. Osborne in outlining the theory of the prosecution carefully reviewed the incidents connected with the presentation of the checks alleged to have been given by Rice to Patrick, the actions of Patrick at the death of Rice and the alteration in the plans for the funeral. Mr. Osborne was frequently interrupted by the attorneys for the defence, who charged that he was summing up evidence which he had not yet produced. The court warned Mr. Osborne to exercise greater care. He concluded shortly before 4 o'clock, having spoken for four hours and twenty-five minutes. Court adjourned at once, and the first testimony will be taken to-morrow morning.

Timothy C. Harrington, member of Parliament for the harbor division of Dublin, Ireland, has been re-elected Lord Mayor of that city.

Job Couldn't Have Stood It

If he'd had Itching Piles. They're terribly annoying; but Bucklen's Arnica Salve will cure the worst case of piles on earth. It has cured thousands. For Injuries, Pains or Bodily Eruptions it's the best salve in the world. Price 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

CHINESE EMPEROR AND THE POWERS.

Ministers at Pekin Received as Representatives of Sovereigns Equal in Rank.

BARRIERS WERE SWEPT AWAY

Audience Held in the Immense Hall of the Forbidden City — Emperor Silent Throughout—Empress Invisible—An Address.

By Cable to the Morning Star

PEKIN, Jan. 23.—The ministers of the foreign Powers here have attained the goal which has been their aim since intercourse between China and the Powers began. They have been received as representatives of sovereigns equal in rank to the Chinese Emperor.

The audience yesterday between the Emperor and the ministers was held in the innermost large hall of the Forbidden City. The Emperor sat upon a dais behind a table. There were four princes at the back of his chair and a dozen officials at each side.

The Dowager Empress was concealed by a screen, according to the stories of the attendants, and remained invisible. The Emperor was silent throughout the audience and remained stolid and impassive.

Formerly the Emperor replied to the ministers in Manchuria and the Prince interpreted what he said. To-day he appeared as an automaton, and the secretaries of the foreign ministers who were present report that he looked weaker, less intellectual and more childish than prior to the siege of the legations.

Sir Earnest Satow, the British representative, made the following address:

"My august sovereign has charged me to express to your majesty his sincere desire to see the independence and the integrity of the Chinese Empire maintained intact, and that the prosperity and happiness of the Chinese people may be hastened by the removal of obstacles to the free exchange of commodities; by the extension of manufactures and by the utilization of the resources of the soil.

"If, under the enlightened rule of your majesty the barriers which in the past hindered the free and mutually advantageous intercourse of China with the rest of the world be completely removed, it is certain that China, advancing along the path of progress, will attain to a height of prosperity unknown in the past."

The ministers of the foreign powers entered the Forbidden City at the main gate, leaving their military escorts outside. At the second gate they entered yellow chairs, like those furnished for the princes and secretaries. They walked through the inner courts of the Forbidden City and their cortege retired from the city by the East gate.

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

Its Report On the Subject of Trusts—Government Supervision Recommended. Railroads and Telegraphs.

By Telegraph to the Morning star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The industrial commission, which has been engaged for the past few years in investigating the industrial condition of the country with the view of making recommendations calculated to assist in the solution of the problems of the times, has completed and sent to the printer its final report. On the subject of trusts the commission follows closely the lines of recommendation laid down by the President in his annual message. Supervision by the national government is recommended, but the most radical specific step suggested in that direction is that the books of all corporations should at all times be subject to inspection as are the books of national banks. This, it is claimed, would go far toward protecting the public against impositions in the way of over-capitalization and other devices. The commission discusses the subject of government ownership of railroads and telegraph lines, but does not recommend a departure from present methods. There are some recommendations concerning taxation that will attract attention. One of these looks to the imposition of certain taxes on private property by the States direct.

A DOUBLE MURDER.

Farmer Accused of Killing Two of His Neighbors in Spencer County, Ky.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Jan. 23.—J. B. Jewell, accused of double murder, killing Marion Bruner and John Bruner, was brought to Louisville this afternoon and placed in jail. Fear of lynching and mob violence caused the Spencer county officials much uneasiness, and before the news of Jewell's arrest became known he was on his way to Louisville. Three deputy sheriffs, all heavily armed, guarded the prisoner.

The killing for which Jewell was arrested, occurred last Saturday. Marion Bruner and Jewell had been enemies for a long time. Their farms are in Spencer county and trouble arose because of trespass by hogs and a dispute over a line fence.

WEST VIRGINIA HOMICIDE.

Col. Gilbert Bentley Shot and Killed by Riley Ramey.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

HUNTINGTON, W., Va., Jan. 23—Col. Gilbert Bentley, a wealthy timber man, was killed to-day by Riley Ramey, who at once surrendered to the authorities. Both are prominent. The fatal meeting occurred on the public highway near Elkhorn City, on the Big Sandy. The men met on horseback and both drew their revolvers. Bentley was struck in the left breast by the first shot and fell from his horse. They had been enemies for two years as a result of a shooting scrape between their sons, in which neither of the sons was seriously injured. Col. Bentley was an extensive lumber man. Ramey claims that the first bullet from Bentley's revolver pierced his hat.

The Imperial German yacht Hohenzollern arrived yesterday at Gibraltar. Count Von Baudissin, her commander, landed. He was saluted by a land battery, visited the governor, and, later, re-embarked, and the Hohenzollern proceeded on her journey to New York.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

MYSTERIOUS MURDER IN THE CITY OF ST. LOUIS.

Prominent Business Man Found Dead With His Skull Fractured In a Turkish Bath Establishment

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 23.—A. Dean Cooper, treasurer of the Graham Paper Company, died here to-day as the result of injuries sustained in a mysterious manner while in the Vista Turkish bath establishment at 3518 Franklin avenue, last night. William A. Strother, the colored man in charge of the bath, who tells conflicting stories about the affair, is under arrest and a diamond ring worth $1,500 and a valuable pin belonging to Mr. Cooper, have been recovered from their hiding place in the cellar of the bath house.

Mr. Cooper's injury consisted of a fractured skull. A sledge hammer covered with blood was also found in the cellar and taken possession of by the police.

Strother made a statement to the police to the effect that about midnight a boy brought Mr. Cooper a note which he refused to answer. The boy went away and soon after a man and two women entered. When he returned from the cellar where he had gone to fix the fires, Strother says he found Cooper on the couch unconscious. Strother later told the police that two women and a man had called to see Mr. Cooper, in a carriage. He said that he had admitted them to the cooling room and had returned to the basement. He did not know, he said, when they departed. Strother also said that two colored women, Josie Houston and Florence Banks, had visited him in the basement earlier last night.

Erastus Fountain, janitor of the Vista block, says that the two women were in Strother's company at 9:30 o'clock, when he made his last visit to the premises. The police say that there is no other evidence than Strother's statement to prove the visit of two women and a man to the house.

A few minutes after midnight Theodore Cooper known as "Tod" Cooper, son of A. Dean Cooper, answered the door bell at the family residence, 3173 Washington boulevard. Strother was at the door. "Your father has been hurt," said the negro to young Cooper. "He's over at the bath house now."

Without stopping to question the man closely, Cooper hurried to the Vista block. In the cooling room of the bath house, on a cot in the middle of the long compartment, he found his father, covered with a sheet.

Doctors were immediately called and the police notified. The latter made an investigation and discovered the blood-stained hammer. Young Cooper told the police that the ring usually worn by his father was missing and they made another search, finding the ring and pin in the cellar.

Strother stoutly maintains his innocence. Fountain, the janitor, was taken to the police station, but was released after telling about the presence of the two colored women in the bath house when he left. The women were arrested and closely questioned by the police.

"Tod" Cooper stated to the police that his father had practically closed a deal for the sale of the bath house property which he owned, and that the transfer was to have been made to-day. Mr. Cooper was considered one of the wealthiest men in St. Louis.

Developments in connection with the murder as the day progressed were sensational in the extreme. It became known that Strother was in need of money, $500 or more, to reclaim his home from mortgage sale. Strother, however, meets this with the statement that Mr. Cooper, whom he had known and served for a long time, had promised to save his home for him. Questioned as to why Mr. Cooper should do this, the negro told a sensational story of the alleged true character of the place of which he had been the trusted custodian and the story was in some egree corroborated by a statement from the police that they had been making secret investigation and were going to raid and close up the place.

Strother stoutly maintains his innocence, and the police are entirely confident that they have the right man in custody.

PLANS FOR PRINCE HENRY.

It is Proposed to Take the Distinguished Visitor Into the South as Far as Chattanooga.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 23.—Emperor William approved the plans of the committee on arrangements for the reception of Prince Henry, as far as they go. In their present shape the plan looks to as fair a division as the time and conditions allow between sections of the country, and to that end it is now proposed to take the distinguished visitor as far into the South as Chattanooga, as far West as St. Louis, and as far North as Milwaukee on the one side and Boston on the other. The Prince will arrive in New York on Saturday and will spend his first Sunday in America quietly in that city, paying a visit to Grant's tomb in Riverdale Park. He will leave after midnight, arriving in Washington about half-past 10 o'clock on Monday morning. He will be met at the station by a military guard made up of a squadron of cavalry and a battery of artillery, both from Fort Myer. With this escort he will proceed to the German embassy and a detail of engineers from the Washington barracks will be named as a special guard of honor to watch the embassy, day and night, as long as the Prince remains here. The second Sunday probably will be spent at Chattanooga and a visit will be paid to the great National Park at Chickamauga. The third and last Sunday of the Prince's stay in America will be spent in New York, where he will rest and perhaps visit some of the German social organizations. In this way the committee avoid the necessity of travelling on Sunday.

CUBAN RECIPROCITY.

Representatives of Louisiana Cane Sugar Interests Oppose Concessions.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The Cuban reciprocity hearings before the Ways and Means Committee to-day were devoted chiefly to the cane sugar interests of Louisiana, which are opposing the proposed concessions to Cuba on the ground that it will cripple the sugar production of that State. A number of the large planters and manufacturers of the State were present and the allied interests of beet sugar and tobacco which are similarly opposed to concessions to Cuba also were unanimously represented.

During the examination of Robert Oxnard, of San Francisco, Representative Long presented a letter from John D. Spreckels, the California sugar producer, stating that the beet sugar industry would stand a small cut on raw sugar, but not on refined sugar. Mr. Oxnard declined to discuss the statements in Mr. Spreckels' letter.

VARIOUS MATTERS IN THE SENATE.

Resolution Extending Thanks of Congress to Admiral Schley Referred to Committee.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

Amendments Offered—Senator Teller's Resolution in Behalf of Commandant Scheepers of the Boer Army. House Proceedings.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—An effort was made in the Senate to-day by Senator Mason, Illinois, to obtain consideration for a joint resoultion, which he introduced, extending the thanks of Congress to Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley "for his brave and able conduct while in command of the American fleet at the victorious battle of Santiago."

Senator Mason said the resolution was practically identical to that adopted in the case of Admiral Dewey.

"I think we would better let this resolution go over," suggested Senator Hale, chairman of the Committee on Naval Affairs. "This matter involved is in controversy. It ought to go to a committee."

"I do not see that it is necessary," said Senator Mason, "that the resolution should go to a committee. It is a statement of a historical fact which has been passed upon by the American people. Under the rules it can be read a second time and passed."

When the resolution was read a second time, Senator Hale moved that it be referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs. To this motion Senator Mason objected, urging that the facts being known of all men, every Senator knew precisely how he would vote upon it. By a viva voce vote the resolution was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Violation of Geneva Convention.

Senator Teller, Colorado, called up his resolution providing for the intervention of the United States government in behalf of Commandant Scheepers of the Boer army. He explained that he had introduced the resolution because his attention had been directed to what seemed to be a violation of Articles I. and V. of the Geneva convention. Since introducing the resolution, however, he said, he had been informed by the Associated Press that the death sentence upon Commandant Scheepers had been executed last Saturday.

"It is said," continued Senator Teller, "that the resolution might be offensive to the government of Great Britain, but if the Geneva convention to which both the United States and Great Britain were parties means anything it means that we should intervene in such a case as this. If this man, captured as stated, while lying in a hospital, Great Britain, in putting him to death, is guilty of a vile assassination. It was the business of this government to have ascertained the facts regarding this case, and to have protested against that execution. Are we so pusillanimous, so afraid of offending the susceptibilities of Great Britain, as to have refrained from doing our duty in a case where humanity was about to be violated?"

Senator Teller referred to what he said was Great Britain's efforts to destroy two struggling republics, and that if the truth had been told by British official reports, more Boers had been "slaughtered" during the past year than had been admitted by Great Britain to have been in arms in the whole of South Africa.

Senator Teller, in view of the execution of Commandant Scheepers, asked that the resolution be postponed indefinitely. It was so ordered.

The Department of Commerce.

Consideration of the Department of Commerce bill was resumed. The pending amendment was that offered by Senator Pettus, of Alabama, providing that the Department of Labor be not transferred to the proposed new department. Senator Petitus made a brief argument in support of his amendment, to which Senator Nelson replied.

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, strongly supported Senator Pettus' amendment and urged that in the absence of some very good reason the protest entered by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, against the transfer of the Department of Labor to the new department, ought to be heeded.

Senator Hanna, of Ohio, said the object of the new department was to enable the government to give more detailed attention to the great industrial interests of the country, in the course of its tremendous development. Senator Hanna said that the time had come when we must expand our commerce or restrict our production.

Our Foreign Trade.

At this point he was interrupted by Senator Hale, of Maine, who said that the United States already had captured all the foreign trade worth having. And he inquired of Senator Hanna whether he did not realize that as being a fact.

"I do not," promptly replied Senator Hanna.

"Then the Senator and I disagree," said Senator Hale.

"We do," retorted Senator Hanna. "The record of what has been accomplished by the Dingley law," continued Senator Hale, "is to me the most amazing record ever exhibited to the world in the absorption of foreign trade. We have absorbed foreign trade in the great countries that are competitors of ours. We have not wasted our energies in a dream of what is called 'Oriental trade.' We do not need additional markets."

Senator Hanna replied that the United States had not conquered the markets of Europe, and the markets of the world were yet an unexplored field for us.

Senator Hale then offered an amendment transferring to the new department the interstate commerce commission.

Pending action upon this and other amendments which had been offered, Messrs. Elkins, Cockrell, Money, Martin, Spooner, Hale, Hoar, McCumber and Clay discussed various suggested amendments.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned until Monday.

House of Representatives.

The consideration of the Urgent Deficiency bill, which has been under debate in the House since Monday, was completed to day, but owing to the lateness of the hour the vote on the passage of the bill was postponed until to morrow. A successful effort was made to increase the pay of rural free delivery carriers from $500 to $600 per annum.

Mr. Hill, Connecticut, made the motion to increase the appropriation for this purpose. It was resisted by Mr. Cannon and Mr. Cloud, chairman of the Postoffice Committee, on the ground that the method was irregular, but the members with rural constituencies supported it and it was adopted, 109 to 78.

Mr. Cummings, New York, explained his action of yesterday on the Philippine army post. He closed by saying that his party started right on the subject, but ended miserably. He said he voted as he did as a Democrat—"as a Tammany Hall Democrat—and was proud of it," and added: "There is no politics in a question where lives of American soldiers are at stake."

Mr. Kahn, California, who visited the Philippines last Summer, said that if the minority knew of the sufferings of the soldiers in the Philippines because of a lack of quarters there would not have been a vote against the Cannon amendment yesterday.

Mr. Pierce, Tennessee, said if such was the case, the President and officers of the army were responsible, as they had absolute authority in the Philippines.

Slavery in the Philippines.

Mr. Cannon, in speaking of the Manila post, said he was sorry that he could not satisfy the other side, adding: "We have got the Philippines and we have never parted with an acre of ground. While the heathens rage, we go marching on."

The discussion turned upon slavery in the Jolo group in the Philippines. Mr. Gaines, of Tennessee, who had visited the group, said the United States officers told him they could do nothing to stop slavery, because of the treaty between the United States and the Sultan.

Mr. Moody, of Massachusetts, said the United States authorities had never given countenance to slavery in the Philippines.

Mr. Mercer, of Nebraska, who visited the islands, said slavery was decreasing.

Mr. Cochran, of Missouri, declared that many of of the slaves were Christians, owned by Mohamedans.

An amendment to the bill providing $30,000 for incidental expenses of committees to attend the funeral of President McKinley, was adopted.

SWIFT JUSTICE IN VIRGINIA.

Negro Who Assaulted Mrs Webber in Lynchburg Tried and Sentenced to Hang February 24th.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LYNCHBURG, VA., Jan. 23.—Joe Higginbotham was convicted this afternoon of criminal assault upon Mrs. Ralph Webber, and was sentenced to be hanged on February 24th. He pleaded guilty. Four witnesses, including Mrs. Webber, testified to the circumstances of the assault. A large number of the State militia were here and the court house and jail were surrounded by a guard at a distance of a block in each direction. There was, however, no disorder of any kind, and the trial lasted but an hour and a half. The negro was taken back to Roanoke this afternoon to remain until the day of his execution.

Higginbotham, on January 11th, committed the assault upon Mr. Webber and then attempted to murder her by cutting her throat.

ANARCHY AND ANARCHISTS.

Restrictive Measure Determined Upon by House Judiciary Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The details of a bill restricting anarchy and anarchists were practically determined to day by the special committee of members of the House Judiciary Committee, appointed to consider this subject. The measure will provide the death penalty for an attempt to or assault the President or any one in line of succession for the Presidency. Any person who counsels, advises or advocates the assaulting or killing of any officer of the United States shall be fined or imprisoned. No alien who advocates an overthrow of organized government or is affiliated with an organization holding such views is to be admitted to this country. Provision also is made for the punishment of those conspiring in this country against a foreign ruler.

NO HARM DONE.

Another Slight Earthquake Shock in Chilpancingo—People Terrified.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 23.—Another slight earthquake shock shook Chilpancingo yesterday afternoon and terrified the people, but no harm was done.

Official data shows that 616 houses, not including the government buildings, were destroyrd in the first and second earthquake shock. The people continue panic-stricken and fear additional shocks. Many are leaving homes there to establish themselves in other towns and cities.

A RELIGIOUS MANIAC.

Woman Dead as Result of Pulling Out One of Her Eyes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NASHVILLE, TENN., Jan. 23.—Mrs. Bula Abbey, wife of a young merchant near Sparta, Tenn., is dead as the result of pulling out one of her eyes in a fanatical and literal interpretation of the scripture injunction: "If thine eye offend, pluck it out and cast it from thee, for it is better to go into Heaven having only one eye than to suffer the torments of hell fire."

She became much excited over religion early last autumn and since that time it is said she has been noted for strange vagaries in religious work.

Changing Butterflies.

Butterflies change their color according to the heat of the atmosphere. This interesting fact was discovered by M. Sandfuss of Zurich, Switzerland, who subjected 40,000 butterflies to experiments under different degrees of the sun's heat. On one occasion, it being unusually cold in Switzerland, a butterfly common there took on an appearance of a butterfly from Lapland. On the other hand, butterflies which were subjected to a higher degree of solar heat than the normal looked as if they had been born and raised in Corsica or Syria. One result of these novel experiments is the production of butterflies of an entirely new type, some of them being of bewildering beauty.

Caught Her.

"I am looking for something nice for a young man," said the young and pretty shopper.

"Why don't you look in the mirror?" asked the gallant clerk.

And she was so flustered that he managed to sell her four different things that she did not want before she knew what she was doing.

Hearts Not Trumps.

Oldspark—Love, they say, is the perfume of the heart.

Miss Younger—Well, perhaps it is; but, really, I don't care for perfumery.—Chicago Chronicle.

The golden eagle has great strength. It lifts and carries off with ease a weight of 80 pounds.

The play of life begins with a wail and ends with a sigh.—Philadelphia Record.

IN OPPOSITION TO CHINESE EXCLUSION.

Ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster Before the Senate Committee On Immigration.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster appeared before the Senate Committee on Immigration to-day and spoke in opposition to the Chinese exclusion bills which have been introduced in Congress. His remarks were directed more particularly to the Mitchell or Pacific Coast bill, which he said was a plain violation of our treaty with China.

Mr. Foster submitted for the consideration of the committee three propositions. The first was that any law passed by the present Congress which continues the exclusion of Chinese laborers beyond 1904 would be not only without international authority but would be in violation of treaty stipulations. His second proposition was that the exclusion laws should not be made applicable to all our insular possessions. Mr. Foster's third proposition was that the existing exclusion laws and the legislation proposed are in clear disregard of treaty stipulations.

Mr. Foster read from the remarks of Minister Wu before the Committee on Foreign Relations at the last session in which he spoke of the indignities and humiliations alleged to have been suffered by some of his people at the hands of our immigration officers.

Major General O. O. Howard said he endorsed all that Mr. Foster had stated. He had come in contact with the Chinese on the Pacific coast and characterized the alleged undue diligence of Chinese inspectors in the performance of their duties as among the iniquities of the present execution of the exclusion law.

Mr. Powderly, the commissioner of immigration, brought to the committee room in custody of a United States marshal, two alleged Chinese merchants who, he said, were fair samples of the "merchants" Minister Wu had referred to.

Through an interpreter the prisoners Lee Sang and Chan Ling, admitted that they had entered the United States in 1897 on forged certificates, alleging that they were merchants, and that they knew of the deception.

WARM WIRELETS.

The U. S. battleships Iowa and Wisconsin have received orders to leave Valparaiso for the Atlantic.

Dr. William Leroy Brum, president of the Alabama Polytechnic Institute, died suddenly at Auburn, Ala.

The American Sugar Refining Company and the independent refiners have advanced all grades of refined sugar ten points.

Authority to sign the Danish West Indies treaty was cabled from Copenhagen yesterday to the Danish minister at Washington, C. Brun.

The House Committee on Agriculture has ordered favorable report upon a more rigid oleomargarine bill than the Grout bill of the last Congress.

Alf. Taylor was hanged yesterday at Friars Point, Miss., for the murder of James Lucas, a young man and deputy sheriff last spring. The execution was public.

President B. F. Wilson, of Converse College, at Spartanburg, S. C., one of the largest female colleges in the South, has resigned, after twelve years service. He will go to Europe to study.

The body of W. C. Johnson was yesterday found in the city water works reservoir at Douglas, Wyoming. Johnson disappeared several days ago, and it is believed that he committed suicide while temporarily insane.

The syndicate of German bankers who have been floating the new 3 per cent. loans, amounting to 300,000,000 marks, have received subscriptions from the United States nearly covering the entire amount of the issue.

Gov. Candler, of Georgia, has accepted an invitation to be a member of the committee to change the date of Presidential inauguration. Every Governor in the United States has been invited to serve. Gov. Candler's preference is for April 30th.

Danny Daughtery, of Philadelphia, was knocked out in the fourth round by Harry Forbes, of Chicago, at St. Louis last night, in what was scheduled to be a fifteen round fight at 115 pounds for the bantam weight championship of the country.

Between five and six hundred dollars in money and stamps were stolen from the post office at Due West, S. C., yesterday morning. A store at Donalds, S. C., a few miles away, was also burglarized of $300, the robbers escaping in a stolen buggy.

The Republican caucus at Trenton, N. J., to select a candidate for United States Senator, to be supported during the present session of the Legislature, to succeed the late General Sewell, selected on the 19th ballot John F. Dryden, of Newark, president of the Prudential Insurance Company.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Active, reliable man to represent large manufacturing company locally. Absolutely no canvassing. Advancement to right party. Salary $3 00 weekly. Address W. J. Uhl 713 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. jan 24 3t

Wanted—Salesman to represent a New York Millinery Jobbing Flower and Feather House for surrounding territory, on commission; good hustler, experience unnecessary. State references etc. Liberman Bros. 690 Broadway, New York City, N. Y. jan 24 1 *

For Sal —One Iron Safe 29 2½ x 18 inches high, in good repair. Manufactured by Hall's Safe and Lock Co. Address R. J. Hester, Elizabethtown, N. C. jan 23 3t

For Rent—Nice Cottage centrally located six rooms with modern improvements. W. L. Gore. th su jan 23 tf

Notice—We have just received the finest car of Jamaica Bananas ever seen on this market. Will make prices right. Send in your orders now. One hundred dressed Turkeys, 10½c per pound. Call on us for country products of all kinds. J. K. Woodbrook & Co., wholesale and retail, 203 and 205 Market street, Bell 'Phone 447. jan 16 tf

Consumers of Wood will always find the best quality of all kinds and all lengths of Wood (big Black Jack a specialty) at lowest prices at my wood yard, No. 18 South Water street, between Market and Dock. A trial will convince you. W. W. Koon, Bell 'Phone 719. ja 14 1m*

The Dixie Cafe—Most popular place in town for quick lunches, meals and everything to refresh the inner man. Tables always supplied with oysters and game. Orders sent anywhere in the city. S. F. Harmon, proprietor, Princess street. dec 6 tf.

Notice—I have just received car of Jamaica Bananas. Also have Mountain Apples, Cabbage, butter, Potatoes, Onions and all kinds of country produce. A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. oct 4 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 4 tf

FOR RENT,

Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.

au 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

JANUARY 1902 IS FAST SLIPPING BY.

I have finished taking stock in my large Store and realize that we have lots of goods that we must sell. We need both the room and the money to handle our

Spring Stock which is now coming in.

In our Carpet Department we have a few things to sell cheap. Eight or ten pieces of Brussels Carpets in remnants that we sold for 50 and 60 cents we will sell now for 38c. One piece Hemp Carpet, yard wide, in bright pattern, now 10c per yard—regular price 15c. Eight or ten pieces Ingrain Carpet, sold for 25c, now 20c. One piece for 15c per yard—cheap floor covering. In our Matting Department we have lots of remnants of from one to eighteen yards, by the piece only to close out, for 10c per yard—worth 15 and 18 cents.

Trunks! Trunks!! We have all kinds. In taking stock in our Trunk Department we were surprised to find we had so many of them. We have all grades and all prices—Trunks as low as 50c. A nice heavy Canvas Trunk, with leather strap, brass lock, iron bottom, tray and bonnet box—a first class Travelling Trunk, 30 inches long, $3 00; 32 inches $3 20; 34 inches, $3 50; 36 inches, $3 75—the cheapest Trunk ever sold in America. We handle all styles of fine Roller Tray Trunks, with best straps and trimmings, from $9 00 to $18 00 each. Zinc covered trunks from $1 00 to $5.00. Satchels, Telescopes, Suit Cases at all prices.

We have 100 dozen Window Shades on hand; opaque linen shades as low as 12½c. each; opaque linen shades with fringe at 25c, with fixtures complete.

In our Embroidery department, on the second floor, we are prepared to show you the nicest selection that has ever been shown in Wilmington—for less than regular price. Fine embroidery 3 inches wide for 5c; 6¼ inches wide for 4c per yard. We have 2,000 yards match set embroidery—quality, style and variety not equalled here before, running from 5c to 25c per yard; 2,000 yards remnant embroidery in 3, 4 and 6-yard pieces—runs from 5c to 15c. per yard by the piece. The greatest line of patterns ever shown.

Six hundred yards new applique trimming in all designs and beading effects at 9, 10 and 12½c per yard, in remnants of 5 and 6 yard pieces; 10 new applique trimming in cream effect, just received—prices 10, 15 and 20c—very pretty patterns.

In our Dress Goods department we have received a big line of new goods this week. We have a 44-inch wide all wool Henrietta in pretty, bright colors, worth 50c, we will sell for 38c per yard. Ten pieces wool Albatross in shirt waist colors for the Spring at 25c per yard. Five pieces Venetian cloths, in good colors, at 25c per yard. One piece beautiful black Broadcloth, 54 inches wide, for 98c per yard. Ten pieces gray Suitings, 36 inches wide, worth 25c per yard, my special price 11½c. Five pieces Scotch Plaid, 38 inches wide, sold for 50c, will sell now for 25c per yard.

In our Millinery department we have fifteen or twenty very fine Velvet Hats, that were made up for patterns, that we want to close out and will sell them this week for half price.

In our Cloak department we are selling them at any price to close them out; come and get one at almost your own price. Just received about fifty pieces Merrimac's best calico in Spring patterns for 5c per yard. Five hundred yards white India lawns in remnants, good 10c values for 7c this week; 2,000 yards fine shirting, one yard wide, for 7c per yard. A big line of new Tickings from 5c to 12½ per yard. We have a big line of Outings at 5c, 5½c, 8c and 10c per yard. Just received ten pieces new stock Red Flannels from 15c to 35c per yard. Strictly all linen Table Cloths, with colored border, at 25c per yard. Turkey Red cloth at 29c per yard, 54 inches wide. Remember our Candy department—candy at 8c, 10c, 12½ 15c and 20c per pound.

TALCUM POWDER this week for 10c per box and give you sample free.

Big Racket Store, GEO. O. GAYLORD,

jan 19 tf PROPRIETOR.

Bell 'Phone 42. Inter-State 42.

HELLO!

Isn't she a "Daisy!" Just look at her. Ring her up and you will be served with the best

COAL AND WOOD!

IN ALL WILMINGTON.

The combined stocks of our competitors are not a circumstance as compared with what we carry.

We are veterans of many, many frosty Winters. Send us your orders and be well cared for.

J. A. Springer & Co.

nov 20 tf The Veteran Dealers.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C., January 14, 1902.

The Directors of the Atlantic National Bank having this day declared an extra dividend of fifty per cent. to stockholders of record January 14th, same is now payable. Resident stockholders will please call for their checks.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

jan 15 tf

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
J B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation fee, 25 cents per share. Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.

The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

Mule for Sale.

One good Farm Mule for sale cheap. Cash or on time, with good collateral.

—ALSO—

One hundred carloads of Groceries.

D. L. CORE CO.,

Wholesale Groceries and Drugs.

118, 120, 122 and 124 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

ja 19 tf

THE CLIMAX.

The Climax Barber Shop, as its name indicates, has reached the highest point of style and excellence. Give us a trial and you will receive polite attention and high class workmanship.

GUION & DAVIS.

dec 4 tf 7 South Front St.

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

Wanted, Furs.

5,000 Raccoon Skins.
5,000 Fox Skins.
5,000 Opossum Skins.
1,000 Mink Skins.

And Furs of all description. Highest prices paid. Quotations furnished on application.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

nov 24 tf 18 Market Street.